

GHANA EDUCATION SERVICE (MINISTRY OF EDUCATION)



REPUBLIC OF GHANA

Social Studies CURRICULUM FOR BASIC 7 – 10 (COMMON CORE PROGRAMME)

SEPTEMBER 2020





Social Studies Curriculum for B7- B10

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FOREWORD

The Ministry of Education, acting through the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NaCCA) has, in recent times, been working on curriculum and assessment reforms to improve the quality and relevance of learning experiences in pre-tertiary schools in Ghana. This curriculum, known as the Common Core Programme (CCP), is a sequel to the Kindergarten-Primary standards-based school curriculum, the implementation of which commenced with the 2019/2020 academic year. The CCP is carefully designed for learners in Basic 7 to Basic 10 (JHS I - SHS I) as part of a holistic learning experience that prepares them for post-secondary education, the world of work or both. The curriculum focuses on building character and nurturing values, in addition to ensuring a seamless progression for all learners from JHS to SHS and creates clear pathways for academic and career-related programmes from Basic 11 to Basic 12 (SHS2 - SHS3).

In the twenty-first century, memorisation of facts and figures is no longer a sufficient learner attribute. Therefore, the CCP focuses on the acquisition of the 4Rs (Reading, wRiting, aRithmetic and cReativity) and core competencies to afford learners the ability to apply knowledge innovatively to solve everyday

problems. Personal projects, community projects and community service have been integrated into the CCP as part of a comprehensive assessment programme, including assessment of knowledge, skills, attitudes and values that mainly emphasise what learners can do. It is hoped that the content of this curriculum will promote better high school education that meets the varied learning needs of the young people in the country and addresses the shortfalls in the current school curriculum in relation to learning and assessment.

The Ministry of Education is committed to ensuring that our schools develop globally competitive high school graduates who have the requisite employable skills and workplace ethos. The CCP curriculum will, therefore, play an important role in this regard. The Ministry will support the effective implementation of the CCP to include capacity development of all teachers to ensure improved learning experiences and outcomes for our young people.

Dr. Matthew Opoku Prempeh (MP)

The Honourable Minister of Education





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INTRODUCTION

In the first four years of high school education, learners are expected to take a Common Core Programme (CCP) that emphasises a set of high, internationally-benchmarked career and tertiary education readiness standards. Learners need to acquire these for post-secondary education, the workplace or both. The standards articulate what learners are expected to know, understand and be able to do by focusing on their social, emotional, cognitive and physical development. The CCP runs from Basic 7 through Basic 10.

The common core attributes of the learner, which describe the essential outcomes in the three domains of learning (i.e. cognitive, psychomotor and affective), are at the centre of the CCP (see Figure 1). Inspired by the values which are important to the Ghanaian society, the CCP provides an education of the heart, mind and hands in relation to the learner's lifetime values, well-being, physical development, metacognition and problem-solving abilities. Ultimately, this will produce character-minded learners who can play active roles in dealing with the increasing challenges facing Ghana and the global society.

The features that shape the common core programme are shown in Figure 1. These are:

- learning and teaching approaches the core competencies, 4Rs and pedagogical approaches;
- learning context engagement, service and project;
- learning areas mathematics, science, computing, languages (English, Ghanaian Languages, French and Arabic), career technology, social studies, physical and health education, creative arts and design and religious and moral education.

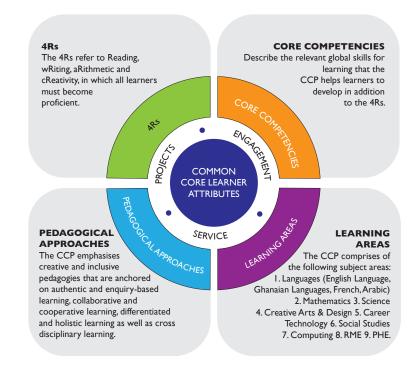


Figure 1: CCP Learner Attributes

These are elaborated subsequently as:

Learning and Teaching Approaches

- The core competencies describe the relevant global skills acquired through learning in addition to the 4Rs. These global skills allow learners to become critical thinkers, problem-solvers, creators, innovators, good communicators, collaborators. In addition, the CCP curriculum will make learners become digitally literate, culturally sensitive and globally competitive citizens who are life-long learners with a keen interest in their personal development.
- **Pedagogical approaches** in the CCP emphasise creative and inclusive learning strategies that are anchored on authentic and enquiry-based

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learning, collaborative and cooperative learning, differentiated learning and holistic learning as well as cross disciplinary learning.

• The 4Rs refer to Reading, wRiting, aRithmetic and cReativity, in which all learners must become proficient.

Learning Context

The CCP places emphasis on engagement of learners in the classroom activities and projects (in and outside classroom). These projects can involve individual or group tasks which all learners are required to complete by the end of Basic 10. The CCP project provides learners with contexts to demonstrate creativity and inventiveness in various areas of human endeavour. Community service offers an opportunity for learners to nurture, love and care for, and solve problems in their community.

Learning Areas

The CCP comprises the following learning areas:

- 1. Languages (English Language, Ghanaian Languages, French, Arabic)
- 2. Mathematics
- 3. Science
- 4. Creative Arts and Design (CAD)
- Career Technology
- 6. Social Studies
- 7. Computing
- 8. Religious and Moral Education (RME)
- 9. Physical and Health Education (PHE)

This document sets out the standards for learning Social Studies in the Common Core Programme (CCP). The standards in the document are carefully set with the expectation that the CCP (B7 - B10) will offer quality education for all learners. The design of this curriculum is based on the features of the

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CCP as shown in Figure 1. It emphasises a set of high internationally-benchmarked career and tertiary education readiness standards. Learners need to acquire these competencies in Social Studies for post-secondary education, the world of work or both. The curriculum has been designed to be user friendly because it provides a detailed preamble that covers the rationale, philosophy, aims, profile of expected learning behaviours (i.e. knowledge, skills, attitudes and values), pedagogical approaches, core competencies and the 4Rs, assessment practices and instructional expectations.







RATIONALE

Social Studies is a multi-disciplinary subject that aims to equip learners with knowledge, attitudes, values and skills that will enable them to become active, informed, innovative and responsible citizens. Social Studies addresses the challenges or problems that confront and threaten the survival of the Ghanaian society. It does so by providing the learner with the opportunity to apply concepts, theories and generalisations from a variety of relevant disciplines to analyse, investigate and come out with appropriate solutions to personal and societal problems. It provides an opportunity for learners to further explore their immediate environment and the world at large. Therefore, Social Studies specifically focuses on developing the learner's curiosity, critical thinking, problem-solving skills and competencies for personal development and leadership. Besides, it seeks to enhance communication and collaboration, creativity and innovation, digital literacy, cultural identity and global citizenship. The inclusion of Social Studies in the Common Core Programme of the Pre-tertiary Education Curriculum is, therefore, intended to enable learners acquire relevant tools to become effective, active and patriotic citizens

PHILOSOPHY

Teaching Philosophy

The Social Studies curriculum will enable learners to develop knowledge, understanding, skills and competencies through a combination of social constructivism and social realism. These theories emphasise learning as an active process where the learner constructs knowledge rather than acquiring it. The curriculum is designed to provide learners with opportunities to expand, change, enhance and modify ways in which they view the world. Teachers will adopt thematic and creative pedagogical approaches that engage learners in a rich and rigorous inquiry-driven environment, such as talk for learning, project-based learning, games, modelling, questioning, brain- storming, demonstration and role-play which are necessary for achieving learning centred classrooms and developing learners into creative, honest and responsible citizens.

Learning Philosophy

The philosophy of learning Social Studies is based on the need to train citizens who are reflective, concerned, active and participatory to be able to fit into the ever-changing world and contribute their quota to the society. Social Studies will provide avenues for learners to interact with people and interrogate issues to construct new knowledge and ideas, describe, analyse and evaluate issues that are critical to the survival of the human race. In essence, the curriculum is designed to generate activities that will make learning more relevant by using their previous knowledge, experiences and environments to acquire competencies including the following:

- 1. critical thinking and problem-solving skills to be able to compare and contrast, analyse, evaluate and apply geographical knowledge with little or no supervision;
- creative thinking skills to be able to reconstruct important information confidently;

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- 3. digital literacy skills to be able to use IT tools and resources efficiently for investigations and project works;
- 4. effective communication skills to be able to share information at various levels of interaction;
- 5. values to live as global citizens capable of learning about other peoples and cultures of the world.

AIMS

General Aims

Social Studies aims to produce reflective, concerned and competent citizens, who will make informed decisions for individual and public good. The subject seeks to produce morally upright Ghanaians, who are responsible and capable of maintaining healthy lifestyles and preserving their environment for sustainability.

Specific Aims

Specifically, the subject will enable learners to:

- I. explore and protect the environment;
- 2. exhibit a sense of belonging to the family and community;
- 3. appreciate themselves as unique individuals;
- demonstrate responsible citizenship;
- 5. develop attitudes for healthy and peaceful co-existence;
- 6. ensure sustainable use of resources;
- 7. develop a sense of patriotism and national pride;
- 8. make themselves globally competitive.

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PROFILE OF EXPECTED LEARNING BEHAVIOURS

Knowledge, Understanding and Application

A central aspect of this curriculum is the profile of learning behaviour dimensions that should be the basis for instruction and assessment. Learners may show understanding of concepts by comparing, summarising and re-writing in their own words, and constructing meaning from instruction.

The learner may also apply the knowledge acquired in some new contexts. At a higher level of learning, the learner may be required to analyse an issue or a problem. At a much higher level, the learner may be required to synthesise knowledge by integrating a number of ideas to formulate a plan, solve a problem and compose a story or a piece of music. Further, the learner may be required to evaluate, estimate and interpret a concept. At the last level, which is the highest, learners may be required to create, invent, compose, design and construct. These learning behaviours, "knowledge", "understanding" "application", "analysis", "synthesis", "evaluation" and "creation", fall under the cognitive domain.

Learning indicators are stated with action verbs to show what the learner should know and be able to do. The ability of the learner to describe, explain, examine, discuss, and summarise situations after teaching and learning has been completed, suggests that the learner has acquired knowledge. In the past, teaching in most cases, stressed knowledge acquisition to the detriment of other higher-level behaviours such as application and analysis among others. In this standards-based Social Studies curriculum, learners are challenged to solve personal and societal problems. In this respect, they demonstrate their ability to "apply" the knowledge acquired. Learners must, therefore, be engaged in a variety of activities to stimulate their critical thinking abilities.

Weighting of profile of learning behaviour dimensions

The three profiles of learning behaviour dimensions that have been specified for teaching, learning and assessment are:

- Knowledge and Understanding 30%
- Application of Knowledge 40%
- Attitudes, Values and Process Skills 30%

The weights indicated on the right of the dimensions show the relative emphasis that the teacher should give in the teaching, learning and assessment processes. Emphasising the three domains of learning (cognitive, affective and psychomotor) in your teaching will ensure that Social Studies will not only be taught and studied at the cognitive level, but will also lead learners to the acquisition of positive attitudes and skills that will enable them to deal effectively with life in general.

The explanation of the keywords involved in each profile of learning behaviour dimensions are as follows:

Knowing: This has to do with the ability to remember, recall, identify, define, describe, list, name, match and state principles, facts and concepts. In this sense, 'knowing' constitutes the lowest level of learning.

Understanding: This involves the ability to explain, summarise, translate, rewrite, paraphrase, give examples, generalise, estimate or predict consequences based on a trend. *Understanding* is generally the ability to grasp the meaning of some concepts that may be verbal, pictorial or symbolic.

Applying: This dimension is also referred to as "Use of Knowledge". It is the ability to use knowledge or apply knowledge, apply rules, methods, principles and theories to situations that are new and unfamiliar. It also involves the ability to produce, solve, plan, demonstrate and discover among others.

Analysing: This is the ability to break down material/information into its component parts; to differentiate, compare, distinguish, outline, separate, identify significant points; it is also the ability to recognise unstated assumptions and logical fallacies; the ability to recognise inferences from facts, etc.

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Synthesising: It is the ability to put parts or ideas together to form a new whole. It involves the ability to *combine*, *compile*, *compose*, *devise*, *plan*, *revise*, *organise*, *create and generate* new ideas and solutions.

Evaluating: It is the ability to *appraise*, *compare* features of different things and make *comments or judgment*, *contrast*, *criticise*, *justify*, *support*, *discuss*, *conclude and make recommendations*. Evaluation refers to the ability to judge the worth or value of some material based on some criteria.

Creating: It is the ability to use information or materials to *plan*, *compose*, *produce*, *manufacture or construct* other products.

From the above, it can be seen that *creating*, according to Bloom's Taxonomy constitutes the highest form of learning. This standards-based Social Studies curriculum, therefore, places emphasis on *creating* as a core behavioural attribute. It is advised that teachers encourage learners to develop their creative skills to solve personal and societal problems.

ATTITUDES, VALUES AND PROCESS SKILLS

Attitudes

This Social Studies curriculum seeks to equip learners with positive attitudes that will enable them to function effectively in the society. Acquisition of knowledge alone is not enough to cause expected behavioural change to make learners function properly in the society. There is, therefore, the need to emphasise the development of positive attitudes. The following are examples of positive attitudes learners are encouraged to develop:

Commitment: the determination to contribute to national development.

Tolerance: the willingness to respect the views of others.

Patriotism: love for one's country, national pride and willingness to sacrifice oneself for the development of the country.

Flexibility in ideas: the willingness to change one's opinion in the face of more plausible evidence.

Respect for evidence: the willingness to collect and use data from one's investigation, and also have respect for data collected by others.

Reflection: the habit of critically reviewing ways in which an investigation or observation has been carried out to see possible flaws and other ways in which the investigation or observation can be improved upon.

Comportment: the ability to conform to acceptable societal norms.

Co-operation: the ability to work effectively with others.

Responsibility: the ability to act independently and make decisions; be morally accountable for one's action and be capable of rational conduct.

Environmental Awareness: the ability to be conscious of one's physical and socio-economic surroundings.

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Respect for the Rule of Law: the ability to obey the rules and regulations of the land.

Values

At the core of the standards-based Social Studies curriculum is the acquisition of values. These values help individuals to define their identity and uphold high moral standards. Learners are expected to exhibit the following values:

Respect: This includes respect for the nation, its institutions, laws, culture, citizens and neighbours.

Diversity: Ghana is a multicultural society; therefore, learners must be encouraged to respect all persons irrespective of their ethnic or religious background to ensure peaceful co-existence and national integration.

Equity: Every citizen, irrespective of their socio-economic background and condition should be treated fairly in terms of access to national resources and state power. Equal opportunities should be given to all learners for a fair learning environment to enable them harness their potentials and capabilities.

Commitment to achieving excellence: Learners must be encouraged to take advantage of the opportunities provided through the curriculum to acquire the requisite skills to enable them function in the society they find themselves. Learners should strive to pursue and achieve excellence in whatever they set out to do.

Teamwork/Collaboration: Learners are encouraged to work together towards common goals within the context of tolerance and mutual understanding. This will instil in them virtues of living harmoniously with members of the larger society.

Truth and Integrity: Learners must be encouraged to tell the truth irrespective of the consequences. In addition, the curriculum aims to make them morally upright and be willing to live the values of honesty and compassion. Equally important, the ethos or culture of the work place, including integrity and perseverance must underpin the learning processes to allow learners see and apply skills and competencies in the world of work.

Process Skills

These are specific activities or tasks that indicate performance or proficiency in a given learning area. They are useful benchmarks for planning lessons, developing exemplars and are the core of enquiry-based learning.

Observing: This is the skill of using our senses to gather information about objects or events. This also includes the use of instruments to extend the range of our senses.

Classifying: This is the skill of grouping objects or events based on common characteristics.

Comparing: This is the skill of identifying the similarities and differences between two or more objects, concepts or processes.

Communicating/Reporting: This is the skill of transmitting, receiving and presenting information in concise, clear and accurate forms - spoken, written, pictorial, tabular or graphical.

Predicting: This is the skill of assessing the likelihood of an outcome based on prior knowledge of how things usually turn out.

Analysing: This is the skill of identifying the parts of objects, information or processes and the patterns and relationships between these parts.

Generating possibilities: This is the skill of exploring all the options, possibilities and alternatives beyond the obvious or preferred one.

Evaluating: This is the skill of assessing the reasonableness, accuracy and quality of information, processes or ideas.

Designing: This is the skill of visualising and drawing new objects or gadgets from imagination.

Interpreting: This is the skill of evaluating data in terms of its worth: good, bad, reliable, unreliable; making inferences and predictions from written or graphical data; and extrapolating and deriving conclusions. Interpretation is also referred to as "Information Handling".

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Recording: This is the skill of drawing or making graphical representation boldly and clearly, well labelled and pertinent to the issue at hand.

Generalising: This is the skill of being able to use and apply the conclusions arrived at in an activity to what could happen in similar situations.

ASSESSMENT

Assessment is a process of collecting and evaluating information about learners and using the information to make decisions to improve their learning. Assessment may be formative, summative, diagnostic, or evaluative depending on its purpose. It is integral to the teaching-learning process, promotes student learning and improves instruction. In the CCP, it is suggested that assessment involves assessment for learning, assessment of learning and assessment as learning, which are described in the subsequent paragraphs.

Assessment for Learning (AfL)

Assessment for Learning (AfL) is the process of seeking and interpreting evidence for use by learners and the teachers to decide where the learner is in their learning, where they need to be (the desired goal), and how best to get them there. AfL is one of the most suitable methods for improving learning and raising standards (Black and William, 1998). Assessment for Learning also refers to all activities undertaken by teachers and/or by their learners, which provide information to be used as feedback to modify the teaching and learning activities in which they are engaged. AfL can be achieved through processes such as sharing criteria with learners, effective questioning and feedback.

AfL, therefore, provides timely feedback to ensure individual learners are assisted during the teaching and learning process using various strategies and questioning to measure the learning that has actually taken place. It is a continuous process that happens at all stages of the instructional process to monitor the progress of a learner and to offer feedback or change teaching strategies to achieve performance standards of a lesson.

Assessment as Learning (AaL)

Assessment as Learning develops and supports learners' sense of ownership and efficacy about their learning through reflective practices. This form of self-assessment helps in building the competencies of learners to achieve deeper understanding of their own learning and what they are taught.

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Assessment of Learning (AoL)

Assessment of learning provides a picture of the achieved standards of the teacher and performance of learners at the terminal stage of the learning process. This information provides data for accountability and educational decisions such as grading, selection and placement, promotion and certification. Through AoL, stakeholders such as parents and guardians are informed about the extent to which learners have attained in expected learning outcomes at the end of their grade or programme.

What do we assess?

Assessment in the CCP emphasises:

- the Common Core Learner Attributes, which are essential outcomes in the three domains of learning (i.e. cognitive, psychomotor, and affective);
- knowledge and skills with emphasis on the 4Rs;
- the core competencies with emphasis on attitudes and values.

The process is illustrated in Figure 2.

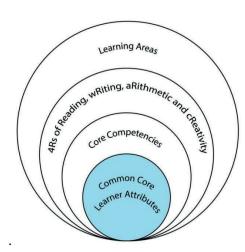


Figure 2: Essential Assessment Features

How do we monitor progress?

The School Based Assessment (SBA) covers all forms/modes of assessment including AfL, AaL and AoL (see Table I), that can be undertaken by any school-level actor (learner, teacher, head teacher) to monitor the learner's achievement over a period of time. Data collection and record keeping are central to the conduct of SBA.

Table I Modes of Assessment

ASSESSMENT FOR LEARNING	ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING	ASSESSMENT AS LEARNING
Class exercises	Class Assessment Task (CAT)	Portfolio
Quizzes	End of term	Journal entries
Class tests (written, oral, aural and/or practical)	End of year	Project work
Class Assessment Task (CAT)		Checklist
		Questionnaire

The following are samples of relevant records that can be kept on the learner's learning.

- Learner's Progress Record (Cumulative Record)
- Learner's Report Card
- School Based Assessment Termly Recording Register

Details of guidelines on SBA can be found in the National Pre-tertiary Learning Assessment Framework (NPLAF) document (Ministry of Education, 2020a) and the School-Based Assessment Guidelines (Ministry of Education, 2020b).

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Reporting School-Based Assessment (SBA) in the CCP

The CCP uses a criterion-referenced model of presenting and reporting school-based assessment data. School-based assessment throughout the four- year duration is done against criteria linked to performance standards. The CCP provides levels of proficiency to be attained and descriptors for all grade levels of the programme (see Table 2). These levels and descriptors can not be changed by individual schools and are, therefore, common to all learners as well as learning areas nationwide. For each assessment criterion or benchmark for the level of proficiency, a number of descriptors are defined as shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Benchmarks, levels of proficiency and the grade level descriptors

LEVEL OF PROFICIENCY	BENCHMARK	GRADE LEVEL DESCRIPTOR
I: Highly proficient (HP)	80% +	Learner shows high level of proficiency in knowledge, skills and values and can transfer them automatically and flexibly through authentic performance tasks.
2: Proficient (P)	68-79%	Learner demonstrates sufficient level of proficient knowledge, skills and core understanding; can transfer them independently through authentic performance tasks
3: Approaching Proficiency (AP)	54-67%	Learner is approaching proficiency in terms of knowledge, skills and values with little guidance and can transfer understanding through authentic performance tasks

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LEVEL OF PROFICIENCY	BENCHMARK	GRADE LEVEL DESCRIPTOR
4: Developing (D)	40-53%	Learner demonstrates developing level of knowledge, skills and values but needs help throughout the performance of authentic tasks
5: Emerging (E)	39% and below	Learner is emerging with minimal understanding in terms of knowledge, skills, and values but needs a lot of help.

The grading system presented, shows the letter grade system and equivalent grade boundaries. In assigning grades to learners' test results or any form of evaluation, the above grade boundaries and the descriptors may be applied. The descriptors (Highly Proficient [HP], Proficient [P], Approaching Proficiency [AP], Developing [D], Emerging [E]), indicate the meaning of each grade. In addition to the school-based assessment (SBA), a national standards assessment test is conducted in Basic 8 to provide national level indicators on learners' achievement.



The CCP emphasises creative and inclusive pedagogies that are anchored on authentic and enquiry-based learning, collaborative and cooperative learning, differentiated learning, holistic learning, cross-disciplinary learning (i.e. the 4Rs across the curriculum) as well as developing the core competencies. This section describes some of the creative pedagogical approaches required for the CCP.

Learning-Centred Pedagogy

The learner is at the centre of learning. At the heart of the national curriculum for change and sustainable development is the learning progression and improvement of learning outcomes for Ghana's young people with a focus on the 4Rs - Reading, wRiting, aRithmetic and cReativity. It is expected that at each curriculum phase, learners would be offered the essential learning experiences to progress seamlessly to the next phase. Where there are indications that a learner is not sufficiently ready for the next phase, a compensatory provision through differentiation should be provided to ensure that such a learner is ready to progress with their classmates. At the high school level, the progression phases are from B7 to B10.

The curriculum encourages the creation of a learning-centred classroom with the opportunity for learners to engage in meaningful "hands-on" activities that bring home to them what they learn in school and what they know from outside of school. The learning-centred classroom is a place for the learners to discuss ideas through the inspiration of the teacher. Learners then become actively engaged in looking for answers and working in groups to solve problems. They also research for information, analyse and evaluate information. The aim of the learning-centred classroom is to enable learners to take ownership of their learning. It provides the opportunity for deep and profound learning to take place. The teacher as a facilitator needs to create a learning environment that:

I. makes learners feel safe and accepted;

- helps learners to interact with varied sources of information in a variety of ways;
- 3. helps learners to identify a problem suitable for investigation through project work;
- 4. connects the problem with the context of the learners' world so that it presents realistic opportunities for learning;
- organises the subject-matter around the problem, not the subject;
- gives learners responsibilities for defining their learning experiences and planning to solve the problem;
- 7. encourages learners to collaborate in learning; and
- expects all learners to demonstrate the results of their learning through a product or performance.

It is more productive for learners to find answers to their own questions rather than teachers providing the answers and their opinions in a learning centred classroom.

Inclusion

Inclusion is ensuring access and learning for all learners, especially those disadvantaged. All learners are entitled to a broad and balanced curriculum in every school in Ghana. The daily learning activities to which learners are exposed should ensure that the learners' right to equal access to quality education is met. The Curriculum suggests a variety of approaches that addresses learners' diversity and their special needs in the learning process. When these approaches are effectively used in lessons, they will contribute to the full development of the learning potential of every learner. Learners have individual needs and learning experiences and different levels of motivation for learning. Therefore, planning, delivery and reflection on daily learning experiences should take these differences into consideration.

The curriculum therefore promotes:

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- I. learning that is linked to the learners' background and to their prior experiences, interests, potential and capacities;
- 2. learning that is meaningful because it aligns with learners' ability (e.g. learning that is oriented towards developing general capabilities and solving the practical problems of everyday life); and
- 3. the active involvement of the learners in the selection and organisation of learning experiences, making them aware of their importance and also enabling them to assess their own learning outcomes.

Differentiation and Scaffolding

Differentiation is a process by which differences (learning styles, interest and readiness to learn) between learners are accommodated so that all learners in a group have the best possible chance of learning. Differentiation could be by task, support or outcome. Differentiation as a way of ensuring each learner benefits adequately from the delivery of the curriculum can be achieved in the classroom through task, support from the Guidance and Counselling Unit and learning outcomes.

- Differentiation by task involves teachers setting different tasks for learners of different abilities. For example in sketching the plan and shape of their school compound and community, some learners could be made to sketch with free hand while others trace the outline of the plan.
- Differentiation by support involves the teacher giving the needed support and referring weak learners to the Guidance and Counselling Unit for academic support.
- **Differentiation by outcome** involves the teacher allowing learners to respond at different levels. Weaker learners are allowed more time for complicated tasks.

Scaffolding in education refers to the use of variety of instructional techniques aimed at moving learners progressively towards stronger understanding and ultimately greater independence in the learning process. It involves

breaking up the learning task, experience or concepts into smaller parts and then providing learners with the support they need to learn each part. The process may require a teacher assigning an excerpt of a longer text to learners to read and engaging them to discuss the excerpt to improve comprehension. The teacher goes ahead to guide them through the key words/vocabulary to ensure learners have developed a thorough understanding of the text before engaging them to read the full text.

Common scaffolding strategies available to the teacher are:

- giving learners a simplified version of a lesson, assignment or reading, and gradually increasing the complexity, difficulty or sophistication over time;
- 2. describing or illustrating a concept, problem or process in multiple ways to ensure understanding;
- 3. giving learners an exemplar or a model of an assignment and asking them to complete;
- 4. giving learners a vocabulary lesson before they read a difficult text;
- describing the purpose of a learning activity clearly and the learning goals they are expected to achieve; and
- 6. describing explicitly how the new lesson builds on the knowledge and skills learners were taught in a previous lesson.

Information Communication Technology

Information Communication Technology (ICT) has been integrated into the Social Studies curriculum as part of the core of education, alongside reading, writing and numeracy. Thus, the curriculum is designed to use ICT as a teaching and learning tool to enhance deep and independent learning. For instance, the teacher in certain instances is directed to use multimedia to support the teaching and learning process.

ICT has the potential to innovate, accelerate, enrich and deepen skills. It also motivates and engages learners to relate school experiences to work practices. It provides opportunities for learners to fit into the world of work.

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Some of the expected outcomes that this curriculum aims to achieve are:

- I. improved teaching and learning processes;
- improved consistency and quality of teaching and learning;
- 3. increased opportunities for more learner-centred pedagogical approaches;
- improved inclusive education practices.;
- improved collaboration, creativity, higher order thinking skills; and
- enhanced flexibility and differentiated approach of delivery.

The use of ICT as a teaching and learning tool is to provide learners access to large quantities of information online and offline. It also provides the framework for analysing data to investigate patterns and relationships in the computing context. Once learners have made their findings, ICT can help them organise, edit and print the information in many different ways.

Learners need to be exposed to various ICT tools around them including calculators, radios, cameras, phones, television sets and computers and related software like Microsoft Office packages - Word, PowerPoint and Excel - as teaching and learning tools. The exposure that learners are given from Basic 7 to 10, to use ICT in exploiting learning, will build their confidence and increase their motivation to apply ICT use in later years, both within and outside of education. ICT use for teaching and learning is expected to enhance the quality and competence level of learners.

CORE COMPETENCIES

The Core Competencies describe a body of skills that teachers at the basic level should seek to develop in their learners. The competencies describe a connected body of core skills that are acquired throughout the processes of teaching and learning. They are the relevant global skills for learning that allow learners to develop, in addition to the 4Rs, to become critical thinkers, problem-solvers, creators, innovators, good communicators, collaborators, culturally identified individuals, digitally literate and global citizens who have a keen interest in their personal development. In using this curriculum, we hope the core competencies will be developed in learners to help them develop our country, Ghana. These competencies include:

Critical Thinking and Problem solving (CP)

Develop learners' cognitive and reasoning abilities to enable them analyse issues and situations, leading to the resolution of problems. This skill enables learners to draw on and demonstrate what they have learnt, and from their own experiences, analyse situations and choose the most appropriate out of a number of possible solutions. It requires that learners embrace the problem at hand, persevere and take responsibility for their own learning.

Creativity and Innovation (CI)

Learners acquire entrepreneurial skills through their ability to think about new ways of solving problems and develop technologies to addressing the problems at hand. This competency requires ingenuity of ideas in arts, technology and enterprise. It enables learners to think independently and creatively.

Communication and Collaboration (CC)

This competence aims to promote in learners, the ability to make use of languages, symbols and texts to exchange information about themselves and the world around them. Learners actively participate in sharing their ideas and engage in dialogue with others by listening to and learning from others in ways that respect and value the multiple perspectives of all persons involved.

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Cultural Identity and Global Citizenship (CG)

This competence aims to develop learners who put country and service foremost through an understanding of what it means to be active citizens, by inculcating in them a strong sense of environmental and economic awareness. Learners make use of the knowledge, skills and attitudes, acquired to contribute meaningfully towards the socio-economic development of the country. They develop skills to critically analyse cultural trends, identify and contribute to the global community.

Personal Development and Leadership (PL)

This competence is aimed at improving self-awareness, self-knowledge; building and renewing self-esteem; identifying and developing talents, fulfilling dreams and aspirations and developing other people or meeting other people's needs. It involves recognising the importance of values such as honesty and empathy; seeking the well-being of others; distinguishing between right and wrong; fostering perseverance, resilience and self-confidence; self-regulation and responsibility and developing a love for life-long learning.

Digital Literacy (DL)

It involves guiding learners to discover, acquire skills in and communicate through ICT to support their learning and make use of digital media responsibly.

For effective lesson planning for teaching, learning and assessment, it is suggested that teachers refer to Appendix I for details of the components of the core competencies. These details comprise the unpacked skills such as: listening, presenting and team work for collaboration.

These details include the approaches, methods, strategies, appropriate relevant teaching and learning resources for ensuring that every learner benefits from the teaching and learning process.

INSTRUCTIONAL EXPECTATIONS

The following are the major roles the teacher is expected to play in the implementation of the curriculum:

- I. Guide and facilitate learning by generating discourse among learners and challenging them to accept and share responsibility for their own learning, based on their unique individual differences.
- 2. Select content, adapt and plan lessons to meet the interests, knowledge, understanding, abilities and experiences of learners. It should be noted that in the standards-based curriculum, lessons are not expected to be limited to only learning outcome(s) but should broadly cover the processes of learning for the learners to cumulatively engage in activities/experiences to demonstrate what they know and can do (i.e. the indicators) as well as develop such core competencies.
- Work together as colleagues within and across disciplines and grade levels to develop communities of learners who exhibit enquiry skills, attitudes and social values, conducive to learning.
- 4. Use multiple methods and systematically gather data about learners' understanding and abilities to guide Social Studies teaching and learning, with arrangements to provide feedback to both learners and parents.
- 5. Design and manage learning environments that provide learners with the time, space and resources needed for learning Social Studies.
- 6. Aid learners to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them, including using higher order reasoning and problem-solving skills.
- Get learners to think critically about tasks and their solutions by asking questions and challenging each other's views until a consensus is reached.
- 8. Encourage learners to present their own ideas in ways that make sense to others and critique each other's reasoning.
- 9. Enable learners to work together to represent real-life situations in multiple ways (e.g. oral, text, pictures, diagrams, equations, etc.).

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- 10. Support learners to use appropriate technologies to solve problems embedded in their culture and the larger society.
- II. Provide opportunities for learners to realise that it is necessary to be flexible when sharing ideas in social contexts. Also, allow them to support each other in all learning contexts.

Suggested Time Allocation

A total of three periods a week, each period consisting of 50 minutes, is allocated to the teaching of Social Studies from B7 to B10.

ORGANISATION AND STRUCTURE OF THE CURRICULUM

The Social Studies curriculum draws on the following disciplines:

- Geography
- Sociology
- Government
- Economics
- History

The thematic areas are organised under six strands:

- Strand I: Environmental Issues
- Strand 2: Family Life
- Strand 3: Sense of Purpose
- Strand 4: Law and Order
- Strand 5: Socio-economic Development
- Strand 6: Nationhood

Curriculum Reference Numbers

The curriculum has been structured into Strands, Sub-strands, Content standards, Indicators and Exemplars and Core Competencies. Each Strand, Substrand, Content Standard and Indicator has a unique identification number (code). The annotation is indicated in Table 3.

Table 3: Interpretation of Curriculum Reference Numbers

Example: Social Studies: B7.1.1.2.1

ANNOTATION	MEANING/REPRESENTATION	
B7.	Basic Year 7	
1.	Strand Number	
1.	Sub-Strand Number.	
2.	Content Standard Number	
1.	Learning Indicator Number	

Strands are the broad learning areas or domains of the Social Studies content to be studied.

Sub-strands are the sub-divisions of the broad learning areas or strands.

Content Standard refers to the pre-determined level of knowledge, skill and/or attitude that a learner attains by a set stage of education.

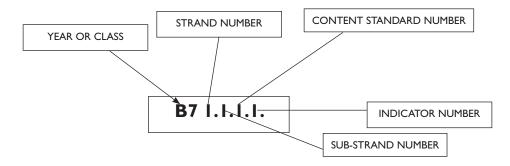
Indicators are clear outcomes or milestones that learners have to exhibit in each year to meet the content standard expectation. The indicators represent the minimum expected standard in a year.

Exemplars clearly explain the expected outcomes of indicators and serve as support and guidance to the facilitator/teacher in the delivery of the curriculum.

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Structure



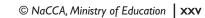
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS/EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES/SUBJECT SPECIFIC PRACTICES
B7.1.1.1 Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	B7.1.1.1. Examine ways of dealing with sanitation challenges in the environment Exemplars 1. Explain: i. Environment	Critical thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Digital Literacy
	ii. Sanitation2. Discuss the types of environment (physical and social)	Environmental awareness Observation
	3. Identify some environmental problems including, sanitation	

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SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

STRAND	SUB-STRAND	В7	В8	В9	BI0
	I. Environmental Issues	✓	✓	✓	✓
	2. Mapping Skills	✓	✓		
I. ENVIRONMENT	3. Understanding our Natural World	✓	✓		
	4. Our Natural and Human Resources			✓	
	I.Adolescent Reproductive Health	✓			
2 FAMILY LIFE	2.The Family	✓	✓	✓	✓
2. FAMILY LIFE	3. Socialisation	✓			
	4. Population	✓	✓	✓	✓
3. SENSE OF PURPOSE	1. Self-Identity	✓			
	2.The Individual and the Community		✓		
	3. Culture and National Identity			✓	
	4. National Development				✓









STRAND	SUB-STRAND	В7	В8	В9	BIO
	I. Citizenship and Human Rights	✓	✓		
	2. Conflict Prevention and Management		✓		
4 1 NAVANIB ODDED	3. The 1992 Constitution			✓	
4. LAW AND ORDER	4. Peace and Security in Our Nation			✓	
	5. Promoting Democracy and Political Stability			✓	
	6. Democracy and Nation Building				✓
	I. Human Resource Development	✓			
	2. Financial and Investment Issues	✓	✓	✓	✓
	3. Tourism	✓	✓		
5. SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	4. Science and Technology			✓	
	5. Entrepreneurial Skills				✓
	6. Sustainable Development				✓
6. NATIONHOOD	I. Independent Ghana	✓			
	2. The Republics		✓	✓	
	3. Military Rule				✓
	4. Ghana and its Neighbours				✓

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Basic 7





STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTSUB-STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.1.1. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental	B7.1.1.1. Examine ways of dealing with sanitation challenges in the environment	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
challenges	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain: i. Environment ii. Sanitation	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Discuss the types of environment (physical and social).	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	3. Identify some environmental problems, including poor sanitation.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.
	Examine cultural practices and their related problems for sanitation in the community.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.1.1. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	5. Discuss the effects of poor sanitation practices	CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem CP 6.2: Ability to explain plans for attaining goals
	6. Identify different ways of managing sanitation problems.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas.
		CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things
		CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way
	7. Embark on a project with the aim of managing sanitation problems in the community.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas.

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Basic 7 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.1.2 Examine the sources of energy and demonstrate the skills of conserving energy in	B7 I.I.2.I. Examine the sources of energy.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Personal Development and Leadership (PL), Digital Literacy (DL)
Ghana	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain energy.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Through the use of internet, videos or pictures, describe the sources of energy in Ghana, including fuel wood, hydro, solar and thermal.	DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	3. In groups, categorise sources of energy into renewable and non-renewable.	CP5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		PL6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.
		PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.1.2 Examine the sources of energy and demonstrate the skills of conserving energy in Ghana	Examine the benefits of using renewable energy.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	2. Examine the benefits of using non-renewable energy sources.	CP5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	In groups, let learners discuss and design posters to show how different sources of energy are used.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively. PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.

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Basic 7 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.1.2 Examine the sources of energy and demonstrate the skills of conserving energy in Ghana	In groups, let learners discuss how sun or wind can be used to heat or perform work.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively. PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.
	5. Through group discussion, come out with ways of using energy.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	6. In groups, discuss why Ghana sometimes imports energy.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively. PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.

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STRAND 1: ENVIRONMENT SUB-STRAND 2: MAPPING SKILLS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate a range of mapping skills	B7.1.2.1.1. Demonstrate skills involved in mapping and locating places in the environment	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Personal Development and Leadership (PL), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the following concepts: "maps" and "scale".	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Identify types of maps, including street maps, maps showing landscape features and national maps using an atlas.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	3. Explore the importance of maps to different people, including airline managers, fisherfolk, farmers and, for example, a family which has moved from a rural area to a city.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group DL 5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.

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Basic 7 Strand 1: Environment

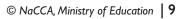
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.2.1. Demonstrate a range of mapping skills	4. Identify components of maps, including north arrow, scale, map key allowing representation of physical features (including rivers, lakes, mountains and coastline) and human features (including settlements, plantations and industrial developments) using names, symbols and colours.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	5. Sketch a map of the school compound, marking the main features.	CI 5.5 Ability to try new alternatives and different approaches.
		CI 6.3: Ability to select the most effective creative tools for working and preparedness to give explanations.
	6. Locate some important landmarks in the community using maps. For example, the bank is 500 metres north of the Junior High School.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.





STRAND I: ENVIRONMENT SUB-STRAND 3: UNDERSTANDING OUR NATURAL WORLD

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.3.1. Show understanding of the world around us	B7.1.3.1.1. Examine major physical features of the earth	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Identify some major features of the earth such as mountain ranges, rivers, oceans, hot deserts and tropical rainforest.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, seeing possibilities, problems and challenges.
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.
	2. With the use of maps, find the locations of the following major physical features:	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a
	i. Mountain ranges, including Akuapim-Togo, Gambaga, Kwahu, Himalayas, Rockies, Andes and Alps	conclusion.
	ii. Rivers, including the River Bia, Tano, Ankobra, Pra, Densu, Volta, Nile, Niger, Congo, Ganges, Yangtze, Amazon, Mississippi	
	iii. Oceans:Atlantic, Arctic, Southern, Indian, Pacific	
	iv. Hot deserts, including Sahara, Kalahari, Gobi, Arabian	
	v. Tropical rainforests, including the Amazon Rainforest	





Basic 7 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.3.1. Show understanding of the world around us	 3. Discuss human activities that affect the following features and ways of protecting them: i. Major mountain ranges ii. Rivers iii. Oceans 	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
	4. Discuss the effects of plastic pollution on water bodies including streams, ponds, rivers, dams, lakes and oceans.	CP 5.5: Can effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.1.3.2 Assess the issue of natural disasters and their management	B7.1.3.2.1. Examine natural disasters in the environment.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain natural disasters.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
	2. Watch documentaries on some natural disasters.	DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use to solve a problem.
	3. Mention examples of natural disasters, including flood, drought, landslide, wildfire, earthquake and sea erosion.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Identify natural disasters in Ghana.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
	5. Suggest ways to manage disasters.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
		DL 6.5: Recognition of societal issues emanating from the use of digital technologies
	6. Discuss the role of institutions responsible for early detection and management of natural disasters in Ghana, including Ghana Meteorological Agency (GMA), National Disaster Management	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
	Organisation (NADMO).	DL 6.5: Recognition of societal issues emanating from the use of digital technologies.



STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 1:ADOLESCENT REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.2.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of adolescent behaviour and reproductive health	B7.2.1.1. Examine issues on adolescent behaviour and reproductive health	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
issues	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts: i. Adolescence ii. Reproductive Health	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Discuss adolescent behaviours, including chastity that would support reproductive health.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	3. Discuss in groups why healthy behaviour during adolescence is important, both for the individual and for the country as a whole.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.2.I.I. Demonstrate understanding of adolescent behaviour and reproductive health issues	4. Invite a resource person, such as a doctor or nurse, to talk about how some adolescent behaviours can harm their reproductive health and cause other problems.	 CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 5.2: Demonstrate sense of belongingness to a group.
		PL 6.2: Division of tasks into solvable units and assign group members to task units.
	5. Explain changes that adolescents go through (physical, cognitive, social and emotional).	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		PL5.2: Demonstrate sense of belongingness to a group.
		PL 5.1: Division of task into solvable units and assign group members to task units.
	6. Discuss some challenges faced by adolescents.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.



STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFESUB-STRAND 3: SOCIALISATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7. 2.3.1. Exhibit knowledge of the importance of socialisation	B7.2.3.1.1 Examine the place of socialisation in developing the individual	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and, Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the meaning of socialisation (adapting behaviour to the norms of a culture or society).	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrativeor extended.
	2. Explain the terms: i. Agencies ii. Agents	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	Identify the agencies and agents of socialisation, including family, schools, parents and teachers.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	4. Discuss the roles of agencies and agents in the socialisation process.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
	5. Role-play and embark on a socialising project involving the school and the community.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of
	6. With the use of the Internet, let learners find out the need for socialisation and the challenges associated with it.	working towards group. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria them to evaluate available alternative. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.







STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 4: POPULATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.2.4.1. Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related issues	B7.2.4.1.1 Examine the components of population growth	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Cultural Identity and Global Citizenship (CG)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concept of population growth.	CP:5.1 Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Discuss how population in Ghana has changed in the recent past.	CP:5.1 Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC: 8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Compare Ghana's population growth with that of some other countries in Africa and in the world.	CP:6.4 Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria to evaluate each alternative.
		CC:8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CG: Exhibit a sense of nationality and global identity.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.2.4.1. Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related issues	4. Discuss the following factors of population change: i. Birth rate ii. Death rate iii. Migration	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC:9.1 Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group.
	5. Investigate the causes of the following in Ghana:i. High birth ratesii. High death rates	 CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. DL 5.6: Preparedness to make better decision using information.







STRAND 3: SENSE OF PURPOSE

SUB-STRAND I: SELF-IDENTITY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.3.1.1. Show understanding of self as a unique individual	B7.3.1.1. Exhibit knowledge of self-identity	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concepts "self" and "self-identity"	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Identify attitudes that enhance self-worth, including self-confidence, can-do spirit and a positive attitude towards life.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	3. Identify one's strengths and weaknesses as unique individual and discuss with one's peers.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.3.1.1. Show understanding of self as a unique individual (CONTINUED)	4. Examine the reasons for knowing oneself including accepting oneself and identification of one's potential and abilities.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Describe how an individual can develop their capabilities, including education and training, counselling, continuous practice, etc.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.







STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER SUB-STRAND I: CITIZENSHIP AND HUMAN RIGHTS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.4.1.1. Analyse the responsibilities of a citizen	B7.4.1.1.1 Examine the value of citizenship in nation building	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of "citizenship".	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Discuss the various ways of acquiring citizenship in Ghana, including citizenship by birth, adoption, registration and naturalisation.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Examine the responsibilities of a Ghanaian citizen, including obeying rules and regulations, protecting state property, reporting crime, respecting national symbols and payment of taxes, among others.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.4.1.1.Analyse the responsibilities of a citizen	 In groups, discuss good working attitudes, including honesty, willingness to report crime and being punctual and regular at events and at the workplace. 	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Dramatise the various ways (communal labour, reporting crime) citizens contribute to the development of the country.	CC 7.2 :Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. S hare a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way. PL 5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group.



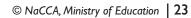
STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND I: HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.1.1. Demonstrate knowledge of human resource development in Ghana	B7.5.1.1.Mention ways of developing human resource in Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Personal Development and Leadership (DL), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts: i. Human resource ii. Human resource development	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Identify ways of developing human resource in Ghana, including education, training and retraining, career counselling, performing leadership roles and mentoring.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	3. Discuss the importance of human resource development in Ghana.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.I.I. Demonstrate knowledge of human resource development in Ghana	Assess the challenges associated with human resource development in Ghana.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Suggest solutions to problems facing human resource development in Ghana.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 2: FINANCIAL AND INVESTMENT ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.2.1. Demonstrate understanding of social security and pension	B7.5.2.1.1. Examine the importance of social security to the individual	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
issues	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concept of social security.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Discuss the features of social security, including the law which established it.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Identify types of social security schemes, including the Pension Fund.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.2.I. Demonstrate understanding of social security and pension issues	4. Think-pair-share the benefits of social security to the individual	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Create a poster on the benefits of social security.	 CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 3:TOURISM

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.3.1. Demonstrate knowledge on how tourism and leisure	B7.5.3.1.1. Examine the role of tourism and leisure in socio- economic development of Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
promote national development	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concepts: i. Tourism ii. Leisure	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Identify some attractive places or sceneries in your locality.	 CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Examine reasons for which people go on tour to different places.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.3.1. Demonstrate knowledge on how tourism and leisure promote national development	Discuss the economic and social importance of tourism to the nation's development.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	5. Explain challenges faced in the tourism industry.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	6. Suggest ways of solving the challenges faced in the tourism industry.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way



Basic 7 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.5.3.1. Demonstrate knowledge on how tourism and leisure promote national development (CONTINUED)	7. Discuss ways of promoting tourism in Ghana.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. Cl 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. Cl 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately. Cl 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.





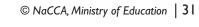


STRAND 6: NATIONHOOD SUB-STRAND 1: INDEPENDENT GHANA

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	B7.6.1.1. Explain how events after the 1948 riots accelerated the move towards independence	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Show documentaries or listen to personal accounts on the 28 th February riots in Accra. OR Visit the spot where the ex-servicemen were killed.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.1: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC7.1: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Discuss the documentaries or what was witnessed on the visit.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how	3. Discuss the reasons for the formation of the Watson commission.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
Ghana became an independent nation		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.
	4. Examine how the Watson Commission helped the move towards independence.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. With the use of the Internet or any other sources of information, write down the bio data of the three ex-service men (Sgt. Adjetey, Sgt. Odartey Lamptey and Corporal Attipoe) and how this can inspire learners.	 DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment. about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	B7.6.1.1.2 Recount the formation of the Convention People's Party (CPP) in 1949	Digital Literacy (DL), Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
	Exemplars:	
	With the use of internet/pictures show and discuss pictures of Kwame Nkrumah, Kojo Botsio and K.A. Gbedemah as leaders of the CPP.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Discuss the role of other groups, including trade unions, 'veranda boys' in the activities of the CPP.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	3. Use resource persons, including retired educationalists, veteran soldiers, retired police officers and senior citizens to tell them about the 'Positive Action' OR find out from the community/parents what is meant by 'Positive Action'.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. In groups, create a poster on one of the following personalities indicating their bio data including the position they occupied in government: Kwame Nkrumah, K.A. Gbedemah and Kojo Botsio	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternative, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.
	B7.6.1.1.3. Discuss the recommendations of the Coussey Committee and the outcomes of the 1951, 1954 and 1956 elections	Digital Literacy (DL), Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	Discuss how the Coussey Committee recommendations formed the basis of the 1950 Constitution.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternative.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	2. Using sources of evidence including YouTube- https://www.eaumf.org/ejm-blog/2018/2/15/february-13-1951-gov-sir-charles-arden-clarke-invites-nkrumah-to-form-a-government , discuss the outcome of the 1951 elections and why Kwame Nkrumah was released from prison.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternative.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
	3. Discuss the role of Kwame Nkrumah as leader of government business (1951 up to 1952).	 DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria use them to evaluate available and alternative.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	4. Examine why a new constitution was drawn up in 1954 (for example, the CPP was dissatisfied with the provisions of the 1950 constitution and called for a new constitution to be drawn up for the Gold Coast).	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
	5. Discuss what happened after the CPP won the 1956 election.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4 : Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an	B7.6.1.1.4 Analyse the nature of government from 1957 to 1960	Digital Literacy (DL), Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
independent nation	Exemplars	
	Discuss the power-sharing arrangement between the British government and elected Ghanaian officials.	DL: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 6.3: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.1: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria to evaluate each alternative.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of power-sharing from March 1957 to July 1960.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternative.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B7.6.1.1. Demonstrate understanding of how Ghana became an independent nation	 Use the Internet and other sources of information to find out the portfolios held by British officials and Ghanaian officials from 1957 to 1960. 	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
	4. Discuss the composition of the cabinet from March 1957 to July 1960.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information
		and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 8.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CC 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.



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BASIC 8



STRAND I: ENVIRONMENT

SUB-STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.1.1 Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental	B8.1.1.1. Examine water pollution as an environmental challenge	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
challenges	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain pollution.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Watch a documentary of polluted water bodies for discussion.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.I.I.I Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	3. Discuss the causes of water pollution, including human, animal and industrial waste.	 CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Examine the effects of water pollution, including death of fish and the contamination of water leading to diseases such as cholera, typhoid and dysentery.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Presentation on the need to prevent water pollution.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 8 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.1.2. Analyse the sources and ways of conserving energy in	B8.1.1.2.1. Examine the means of conserving energy	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
Ghana	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain energy conservation.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Discuss responsible use of energy to minimise economic and environmental costs.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.1.2. Analyse the sources and ways of conserving energy in Ghana	3. Role play how different members of the community might conserve energy (e.g. a mother of four, a headteacher, a shopkeeper).	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively. PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.
	4. Debate the need for energy conservation.	 CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context appropriately. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Apply the knowledge and skills acquired to help conserve energy in learners' homes and school, including turning off the light when not in use, ironing things in bulk, among others.	CP 6.2: Ability to explain plans for attaining goals.

BASIC 8 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.1.2. Analyse the sources and ways of conserving energy in Ghana	6. Project work: Use sun or wind to generate energy.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals







STRAND I: ENVIRONMENT SUB-STRAND 3: UNDERSTANDING OUR NATURAL WORLD

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.3.1 Demonstrate understanding of the significance of weather	B8.1.3.1.1.Assess the significance of weather and climate to the environment	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
and climate to the environment	Exemplars:	
environment	I. Explain the concepts: i. Climate ii. Weather	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Discuss the elements of climate, including temperature, humidity, atmospheric pressure and precipitation.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Discuss various ways of measuring the elements of weather and climate, including the use of hygrometer, rain gauge and barometer.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

BASIC 8 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.3.1 Demonstrate understanding of the significance of weather and climate to the environment	4. Sketch the map of Ghana and indicate the different climatic zones.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context appropriately. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	5. Discuss the world climatic zones.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 6.2: Ability to explain plans for attaining goals.
	6. Examine the factors that affect climate, including latitude, altitude and distance from the sea.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.3.2. Demonstrate understanding of natural disasters and their	B8.1.3.2.1. Discuss natural disasters	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
management	Exemplars:	
	I. Watch some documentaries on natural disasters.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	2. Examine natural disasters and share the understanding of the term, including the idea that it involves great damage and also loss of lives. Examples of natural disasters are flooding, rainstorms, earthquake, volcanoes, wildfires and drought.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.
		PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.
		DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.

BASIC 8 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.3.2. Demonstrate understanding of natural disasters and their management	Examine the causes of flooding, including human action. For example urban development which can make flooding more likely or more extreme.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.
	4. Investigate the effects of flooding on the environment	PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate
		and effectively use them to solve a problem. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.3.2. Demonstrate understanding of natural disasters and their management	5. Carry out a project to raise awareness in the community about the need for certain flood control measures and careful planning of any new development.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CP 5.7: Provide new insight into controversial situation or task.
		CC 8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		PL 6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.
		PL 6.3: Ability to manage time effectively.
		DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.







STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTSUB-STRAND 2: MAPPING SKILLS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.2.1. Demonstrate skills in sketching maps and interpreting	B8.1.2.1.1. Sketch maps and interpret landscapes from maps	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
landscapes from maps	Exemplars:	
	Sketch a map of your school compound.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things
	2. Draw a diagram showing an eight-point compass (showing North, South, East and West; North East, North West, South East, South West).	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things
	3. Using a map with grid squares, locate some important landmarks.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternative, seeing possibilities, problems and challenges
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.1.2.1. Demonstrate skills in sketching maps and interpreting landscapes from maps	4. Draw/ sketch the map of the community indicating important landmarks.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem.
landscapes ir oni maps		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	5. Sketch a map of the school compound to scale.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem.
		DL 5.6: Preparedness to make better decision using available information.
	6. Show directions to important places in the community.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions they have used to attempt to solve a complex problem.
		CI 6.5: Anticipate and overcome difficulties relating to taking initiatives.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		DL 5.6: Preparedness to make better decision using available information.
	7. Sketch maps showing the positions or directions to the your home using compass directions.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
		CI 6.5: Anticipate and overcome difficulties relating initiatives.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		DL 5.6: Preparedness to make better decision using available information.

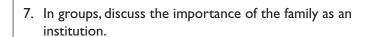


STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFESUB-STRAND 2:THE FAMILY

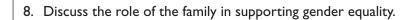
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.2.2.1. Show understanding of the family and family life	B8.2.2.1.1. Examine the composition and functions of the nuclear and the extended families	Critical thinking and Problem solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
issues	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concept of family.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Differentiate nuclear from extended family systems.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	3. Identify the roles of various members of the nuclear family.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	4. Explain the roles of the extended family.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.

		BASIC 8 Strand 2: Family Life
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.2.2.1. Show understanding of the family and family life	5. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the nuclear family systems.	CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.

6.	Compare the Ghanaian family system and that of any country
	in the Western world.



issues



CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.

CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternative.

CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.

CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternative.

CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extendedanswer while speaking to a group.

CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.

CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.

CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group

CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them..

BASIC 8 Strand 2: Family Life

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.2.2.1. Show understanding of the family and family life issues	B8.2.2.1.2. Discuss the issues of inheritance in Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	I. In pairs, discuss the concept of inheritance and share thoughts with the class.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 9.6 : Ability to work with all group members to complete a task successfully.
	Identify and discuss the systems of inheritance in Ghana, including matrilineal, patrilineal and Intestate Succession.	CC 7.5: Identify and analyse different points of views of speaker.
	3. Invite a resource person in the community to talk about any of the systems of inheritance.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 9.5 : Appreciate the importance of including all team members in discussions and actively encourage contributions from them.
	4. Discuss the positive and negative effects of the inheritance systems in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC7.5 : Identify and analyse different points of views of speaker.
	5. Suggest ways of improving the indigenous inheritance system.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.2.2.1. Show understanding of the family and family life issues	6. Role play one system of inheritance in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.CC 7.5: Identify and analyse different points of views of speaker.
	7. Debate the Intestate Succession law versus the indigenous inheritance system in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.CC 7.5: Identify and analyse different points of views of speaker.

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STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 4: POPULATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.2.4.1.Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related	B8.2.4.1.1. Compare the population structure of high-income and middle/low income countries	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
issues	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain what population structure means.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	2. Draw/sketch the population structure of your school.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. DL 5.6: Preparedness to make better decision using available information.
	3. Examine the population structure of Ghana as set out in a population pyramid.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	4. Examine the population structure of any developed country in the world, for example, China, Norway, Sweden, Singapore, Japan, and Canada.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	5. Discuss the population structures of low, middle and high-income countries.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
B8.2.2.1. Show understanding of the family and family life issues	6. Suggest reasons for the population pyramids of low, middle and high-income countries with different shapes, including smaller families, higher standards of living, and high-quality healthcare.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.



STRAND 3: SENSE OF PURPOSE SUB-STRAND 2: THE INDIVIDUAL AND THE COMMUNITY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.3.2.1. Demonstrate knowledge of the role of the individual in the	B8.3.2.1.1. Examine the role of the individuals in the community	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
community	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of community.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Watch a documentary about different communities and discuss observations.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	3. Explain what community development involves (the values vision, initiative and drive in the process of community development).	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

BASIC 8 Strand 3: Sense Of Purpose

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.3.2.1. Demonstrate knowledge of the role of the individual in the	4. Explain the factors to be considered in community decision-making process, including investigating, developing and evaluating alternatives.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
community		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	5. Invite a resource person to talk about the importance of community development.	CP 9.1: Ability to combine nformation and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.3.2.1. Demonstrate knowledge of the role of the individual in the community	6. Identify a specific need or problem of the community and show how learners can help solve it.	 CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	B8.3.1.1.2. Discuss the relevance of volunteerism to community development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of volunteerism.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.
	2. Examine the ways by which one can volunteer in the community responsibly, including performing household chores, shopping or cleaning for an elderly person and helping clean the community.	CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.
	3. Identify some volunteering roles in the community and their contribution to community development, including reporting crime in the community to the police and avoiding taking the law into one's own hands.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. S hare a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 8 Strand 3: Sense Of Purpose

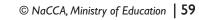
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.3.2.1. Demonstrate knowledge of the role of the individual in the community	Discuss the importance of volunteerism to socio-economic development of the community.	CP 6.2: Ability to explain plans for attaining goals.CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	Project work: form voluntary clubs and discuss their functions within the community.	CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
	6. Do a voluntary work in the community and write a report on it.	CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CI 5.5: Ability to try new alternatives in different approaches.





STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER SUB-STRAND I: CITIZENSHIP AND HUMAN RIGHTS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.4.1.1. Investigate the rights and responsibilities of a	B8.4.1.1.1. Examine the importance of human rights in the Ghanaian society	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
citizen	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept "human rights".	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
		CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.
	2. Examine the United Nations declaration on human rights.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.
	Identify some examples of human rights enshrined in the 1992 constitution.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.
		CC 7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.
	4. Assess the importance of the protection of human rights.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem.



BASIC 8 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AN	D EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.4.1.1. Investigate	5. Examine the righ	ts and responsibilities of a citizen.	CP 5.5: Effectively evaluate the success of
the rights and	Rights	Responsibilities	solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex
responsibilities of a citizen	Right to life Right to	Obeying rules and regulations	problem.
	education	Protecting public property	
	Right to work	Reporting criminals	
	6. Role play rights a	nd responsibilities of citizens.	CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		ect in the community on citizens' rig collect data on human right issues in	the community). needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
			CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.





STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER SUB-STRAND 2: CONFLICT PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.4.2.1.Analyse ways of preventing and managing conflict	B8.4.2.1.1 Examine ways of preventing and managing conflict in the community	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the following terms: i. Conflict ii. Conflict prevention iii. Conflict management	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	Watch and discuss video or pictures on conflict and its effects on the larger society.	DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem.
	3. Identify and discuss some causes of conflict in your community.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.





BASIC 8 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.4.2.I.Analyse ways of preventing and managing conflict	4. Discuss the effects of conflict in your community.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	Examine attitudes and values needed to prevent conflict in your community.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	6. Assess the role of women in conflict prevention and management.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.4.2.1. Analyse ways of preventing and managing conflict	7. Suggest ways to manage conflict situations in your community.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

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STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 2: FINANCIAL AND INVESTMENT ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8. 5.2.1.Demonstrate understanding of employer and employee	B8. 5.2.1.1. Exhibit knowledge on employer and employee relation in social security and pension schemes	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
relations in social security and pension	Exemplars:	
security and pension	Explain the following concepts: Free layers at	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	i. Employment ii. Employer iii. Employee	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	Discuss the obligations of an employer in social security and pension schemes, including registering employees and paying their	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	contributions regularly.	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	3. In groups, discuss the obligations of an employee towards social security and pension schemes, including checking statement of contribution regularly and updating their records.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to
		a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.



STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 3:TOURISM

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.5.3.1. Evaluate tourism as an important economic sector for	B8.5.3. I.I.Assess the importance of tourism to socio-economic development of Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
national development	Exemplars:	
	I. Use videos/pictures to identify some tourist sites.	DL 5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use them to solve a problem
		DL 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion
	2. Visit tourist sites and suggest ways of improving them.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Discuss how new tourist sites can be developed.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things
		CP: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion
		CC:8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.





BASIC 8 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.5.3.1. Evaluate tourism as an important economic sector for national development	4. Examine the importance of tourism to socio-economic development.	CI:5.5 Ability to try alternatives and fresh approaches. CP:5.1 Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Compare the development of tourism between:i. Ghana and Kenyaii. Ghana and United Kingdom	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.





STRAND 6: NATIONHOOD SUB-STRAND 2:THE REPUBLICS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.6.2.I.Analyse the main developments in the Republics between 1960 and 1972	 B8.6.2.1.1. Explain how the First Republic came into being Exemplars: I. Use the Internet, print media and oral sources to find out how the First Republic was established. 	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI) DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	2. Discuss the outcome of 27 April 1960 referendum.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Discuss the outcome of 27 April 1960 presidential elections.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Dramatise the inauguration of Kwame Nkrumah as president of the First Republic on 1 July 1960	CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 8 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.6.2. I Analyse the main developments in the Republics between 1960 and 1972	5. Produce a chart showing major political events from 1951 to 1960.	CI 6.3: Ability to select the most effective creative tools for work and give reasons for the choice CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	B8.6.2.1.2. Explain political developments under the first republic	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Identify the main features of the 1960 Constitution of the First Republic.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group

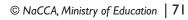
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main developments in	Examine the changes that happened in the country as a result of the 1960 Constitution of the First Republic. For example the introduction	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment
1960 and 1972	of a presidential system of government.	about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Debate the effects of the changes in the 1960 Republican Constitution on the status of the country. For example, the introduction of a presidential system of government	CC 7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication. CC 7.3: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them. CC 8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant details, using correct construction and
4.	Describe the membership of the cabinet under the 1960 Constitution.	cP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to

BASIC 8 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.6.2. I Analyse the main developments in the Republics between 1960 and 1972	B8.6.2.1.3. Explain how the Second Republic came into being.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
	Exemplars:	
	Use the internet, print media and oral sources to find out how the Second Republic was established.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	2. Discuss the outcome of the 1969 general elections.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	3. Dramatise the handing over of power from the National Liberation Council (NLC) to Dr. K.A Busia's Progress Party.	CC 8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	Compare the First Republican Constitution and the second Republican Constitution.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B8.6.2.I.Analyse the main developments in the Republics between	B8.6.2.1.4. Explain political developments under the Second Republic	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
1960 and 1972	Exemplars:	
	Describe the main features of the 1969 Constitution of the Second Republic including the creation of the office of the Prime Minister.	CC 7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication.
		CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.
	2. Explain the changes that happened in the country as a result of the 1969 Constitution of the Second Republic.	CC 7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication.
		CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.
	3. Discuss the membership of the cabinet under the 1969 Constitution.	CC 7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication.
		CC 8.4: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them.





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BASIC 9



STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTSUB-STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.1.1. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	B9.1.1.1. Examine air pollution as an environmental challenge	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain what air pollution means.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Identify activities in the environment that lead to air pollution, including fumes from vehicles, industry and smoke from fires.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.1.1. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental	3. Discuss the effects of air pollution, including causing health problems such as asthma.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
challenges		CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	4. Discuss ways to prevent air pollution.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	5. Do a project in the community to educate members on the ways to reduce air pollution.	CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges
		CC8.5 : Can vary the level of detail and the language used when presenting to make it appropriate to the audience

BASIC 9 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.1.2. Evaluate the sources and ways of conserving energy	B9.1.1.2.1. Assess global sources and the means of conserving energy	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Identify global energy sources and conservation in countries such as Ghana, United Kingdom, Germany.	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	With the use of the Internet, research alternative energy sources and do a presentation in class.	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	3. Discuss gender issues related to energy production, supply and usage (Access to energy resources affects quality of life; some segments of the society are more vulnerable to impact of energy choices than others).	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Describe the processes and devices for measuring and metering energy consumption.	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	5. In groups, create posters on the advantages of energy conservation to educate others in the community, including saving money, making the	CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.
	most of our scarce energy resources and reducing air pollution.	PL6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.1.2. Evaluate the sources and ways of conserving energy	Present a report on energy conservation education that you have undertaken.	PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations. PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.







STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTSUB-STRAND 4: OUR NATURAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.4.1. Investigate the natural and human resources around us	B9.1.4.1.1. Examine the importance of natural resources to the development of Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain what is meant by natural resources.	CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	2. Through the use of videos or pictures, identify the natural resources of the country, including renewable (for example timber) and non-renewable resources (such as gold, bauxite and oil).	DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. DL5.5: Evaluate the quality and validity of information.
	3. On the map of Ghana, show the location of the natural resources.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.
	4. Discuss efficient ways of exploiting natural resources.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.
		CI 5.5: Ability to try new alternatives and different approaches.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.4.1. Investigate the natural and human resources around us	Explain the importance of natural resources for the development of the country.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	6. Discuss the difficulty in exploiting natural resources effectively, including low level of technology, limited technical expertise and limited capital resources.	CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.
		CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things.
		CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.
	B9.1.4.1.2. Evaluate the importance of human resources to the development of Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain what is meant by human resource.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.

BASIC 9 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.4.1. Investigate the natural and human	2. Identify ways of developing human resource.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
resources around us		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives
		CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals
	3. Through group work, discuss why an educated and trained human resource is the most important asset of the country.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives
		CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group
		PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.1.4.1. Investigate the natural and human resources around us	Explain how Ghana's human resource can be efficiently used in the production of goods and services.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	5. Investigate how some people in the community use their human resource abilities to help the community develop.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. C1 6.6: Being open-minded, adapting and
	6. Suggest new ways by which they would use their human resource abilities to help develop the community.	modifying ideas to achieve creative results. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.



STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 2:THE FAMILY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.2.2.1. Evaluate the institution of marriage in Ghana	B9.2.2.1.1. Examine the importance of marriage as a social institution in Ghana	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concept of marriage as a social institution (other social institutions include the family and religious sects).	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	2. Discuss ways of contracting marriages in Ghana.	CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things. CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.
	3. Identify the ways in which marriage is important as a social institution, including providing a stable, loving setting for children to be brought up and helping to provide economic support for parents.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.8: Identify and prove misconceptions about a generalised concept or fact specific to a task or situation. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.2.2.1. Evaluate the institution of marriage in Ghana	4. Investigate the causes of broken marriages.	 CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. C1 6.6: Being open-minded, adapting and modifying ideas to achieve creative results.
	5. Dramatise the effects of broken marriages on the family structure (such as teenage pregnancy, drug abuse and truancy).	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable. PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
	6. Suggest ways of sustaining marriages.	 PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.

BASIC 9 Strand 2: Family Life

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.2.2.2.Assess the need for responsible parenting in the family	B9. 2.2.2.1. Examine the importance of responsible parenting within the family system	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts: i. Parenthood ii. Parenting	CC7.1: Identify words or sentences in context appropriately. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	2. Differentiate parenthood from parenting.	CC7.1: Identify words or sentences in context appropriately. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	3. Discuss the responsibilities of parents including providing food, clothes, shelter and a loving and stable environment for the upbringing of children.	CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things.CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.
	 Discuss inappropriate parenting behaviour and its consequences, including failure to provide the basic needs of children,. For example, drunkenness. 	CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable. CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things. CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.2.2.2.Assess the need for responsible parenting in the family	5. Examine how some behaviours by children can cause their parents to act inappropriately for example, disobedience, indiscipline, refusal to go to school and perform house chores.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	6. Suggest ways for handling parent-child conflicts, including dialogue, effective communication	CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable. CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things. CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.
	7. Carry out an education programme in the community on the need for parents to be responsible.	CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CC8.5: Vary the level of detail and the language used when presenting to make it appropriate to the audience. PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations. PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.



STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 4: POPULATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.2.4.1.Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related	B9. 2.4.1.1. Assess population structure in Ghana and its associated development issues	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)	
issues	Exemplars:		
	I. Recap on Basic 8 work on the population structure in Ghana. With the use of the Internet or a chart examine the structure of the Ghanaian population.	CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.	
		DL 6.2: Create a meaningful and original piece of work, or its interpretation by integrating existing information.	
	2. In groups, analyse the effects of rapid population growth on the family, the community and the nation.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.	
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.	
		CC9.5 : Appreciate the importance of including all team members in discussions and actively encourage contributions from them.	
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.	
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness	
		to a group.	
		PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.	



B9.2.4.1. Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related issues.

3. Dramatise the effects of large family size on the upkeep of the family.

4. Suggest ways in which social problems and rapid population growth could be minimised, including public education on the need for small family sizes.

- **P 5.1:** Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion
- **CI 5.1:** Examine alternatives in creating new things
- **CI 5.3:** Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.
- **PL5.1:** Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations),in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
- **PL5.2:** Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group.
- **PL6.5:** Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.
- **CI 5.3:** Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.
- **CI 5.7:** Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things.

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STRAND 3: SENSE OF PURPOSE SUB-STRAND 3: CULTURE AND NATIONAL IDENTITY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.3.3.1. Evaluate the place of culture in national identity	B9.3.3.1.1. Assess the significance of symbols, music and ceremonies in promoting national identity	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)	
	Exemplars:		
	I. Explain the concept of national identity.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.	
		CP 6.6: Preparedness to recognise and explain results after implementation of plans.	
	2. Sing patriotic songs and discuss how songs promote national identity.	CC7.1 : Identify words or sentences in context appropriately.	
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.	
	3. With the use of videos or pictures, identify some national and traditional symbols and discuss their features and significance.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate	
	For example, the National Flag, Coat of Arms, the Staff of Office of	and effectively use it to solve a problem.	
	the President, the Mace, Adinkra and other Ghanaian symbols	DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and	
		appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.3.3.1. Evaluate the place of culture in national identity	Interpret some national and traditional symbols and evaluate their importance in fostering national unity.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
	5. Discuss ways of fostering national unity and defending the integrity of the nation.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
	6. Discuss how national ceremonies can be used to foster national unity.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
	7. Discuss how respecting the customs and culture of other groups plays a part in celebrating diversity in Ghana and helps draw the whole nation together. For example, festivals such as Homowo celebrated by the Gas, Hogbetsoto by the Anlos, Kundum by the Nzema.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.

CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and

structure of speech.







STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDERSUB-STRAND 3:THE 1992 CONSTITUTION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.4.3.1.Assess the relevance of the 1992 Constitution	B9.4.3.1.1. Examine the 1992 Constitution and its significance to national development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)	
	Exemplars:		
	I. Explain the meaning of a constitution.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.	
		CP 6.6: Preparedness to recognise and explain results after implementation of plans.	
	2. Outline the main features of the 1992 Constitution.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.	
	3. Use videos or pictures to identify the functions of the three main organs of government (the legislature, the executive and the judiciary).	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.	
		DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.3.1.Assess the relevance of the 1992 Constitution	4. In groups, discuss the rights, freedoms and obligations of citizens under the 1992 Constitution.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC9.5 : Appreciate the importance of including all team members in discussions and actively encourage contributions from them.
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group.
		PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.
	5. Examine the conditions under which the rights of a citizen can be curtailed by the 1992 Constitution.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	6. Explain the importance of the 1992 Constitution to Ghanaians.	CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable.
		CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things.
		CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives.

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BASIC 9 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.4.3.1.Assess the relevance of the 1992 Constitution	B9.4.3.1.2. Discuss the rights of the child as enshrined in the 1992 Constitution	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI)	
	Exemplars:		
	I. Explain the concepts of child rights.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.	
		CP 6.6: Preparedness to recognise and explain results after implementation of plans.	
	2. Examine the provisions of child rights in the 1992 Constitution.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.	
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges.	
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.	
	3. Invite a resource person to discuss the need for children's rights.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.	
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.	
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.	

ONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	

B9.4.3.1. Assess the relevance of the 1992 Constitution

4. Carry out a project on the responsibilities of children.

5. Explain the concept of child abuse.

CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.

CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.

CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.

CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.

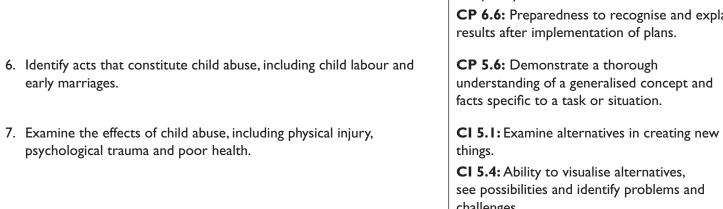
CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.

CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.

CP 6.6: Preparedness to recognise and explain

challenges.

CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several



sources to reach a conclusion.





STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER

SUB-STRAND 4: PEACE AND SECURITY IN OUR NATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES	
B9.4.4.1.Assess the role of peace and security in national development	B9.4.4.1.1. Examine the relevance of peace and security in our community	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Personal Development and Leadership (PL), Digital Literacy (DL)	
	Exemplars:		
	Explain the concepts of peace and security.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.	
	2. Discuss ways of promoting peace and security.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.	
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.	
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.	
	3. With the use of video and pictures, compare a country destroyed by conflict and another that has enjoyed a long period of peace.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.	
		DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.	
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.	

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.4.1.Assess the role of peace and security in national development	 Using documentaries and pictures, examine safety measures in the community, including road safety and fire safety. 	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	5. Discuss the importance of peace and security in community development, including the way that it encourages confidence in individuals and investors.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	6. Role play how peace can be maintained in your neighbourhood.	PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness
		to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.



STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER SUB-STRAND 5: PROMOTING DEMOCRACY AND POLITICAL STABILITY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.1. Show understanding of how to promote democracy and political stability	B9.4.5.1.1. Examine election as a way of promoting democracy and political stability	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts of democracy and election.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.
	2. Examine the role of free and fair elections in promoting democracy.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.

available alternatives.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.1. Show understanding of how to promote democracy and	3. Discuss the processes involved in conducting an election.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
political stability		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	4. Identify and discuss the importance of electoral materials.	CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills.
		CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities.
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
	5. Watch videos of people casting their votes at a polling station peacefully and discuss your observations.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.
		DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate

BASIC 9 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.2. Demonstrate understanding of the District Assembly concept in Ghana	Demonstrate how free and fair elections can be conducted using role-play to elect class leaders.	CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills. CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities. PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations. PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.
	7. Assess the role of the Electoral Commission.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.2. Demonstrate understanding of the District Assembly concept in Ghana	B9.4.5.2.1. Examine the role of the District Assembly in promoting decentralisation	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of decentralisation.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.
	Describe the structure of the District Assembly as a decentralised arm of government.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	3. Examine the role of District Assemblies in the development of the districts.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.

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BASIC 9 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.3. Evaluate the importance of political stability in Ghana's development	Examine the contribution of the Assemblies, including Metropolitan, Municipal, District.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	5. Invite a resource person to talk about the workings of the MMDCs.	 CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills. CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	B9.4.5.3.1. Assess the significance of political stability in national development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain political stability.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.4.5.3. Evaluate the importance of political stability in Ghana's development	2. Examine the ways of achieving political stability.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	3. Through the use of videos and pictures, discuss some of the threats to political stability in the country. For example, vigilantism, political intolerance, abuse of freedom of speech through radio, etc.	 DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem. DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	4. Discuss the importance of political stability.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

BASIC 9 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
	5. Suggest ways of promoting political stability in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 4: SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.5.4.I.Analyse the contribution of science and technology to national development	B9.5.4.1.1. Examine how science and technology can be used to promote development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts: i. Science	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
	ii. Technology	CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.
	2. Examine the difference(s) between 'Science' and 'Technology'.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	Discuss how science and technology can be used for development and production in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

BASIC 9 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.5.4.I.Analyse the contribution of science and technology to national development	 Examine the role of science and technology in specific sectors of the economy, including mining, education, agriculture and energy generation. 	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	5. With the use of the Internet investigate and make presentations on the role of science and technology in the development of Ghana.	 DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem. DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	Examine the problems impeding the development of science and technology in Ghana.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.5.4.I.Analyse the contribution of science and technology to national development	7. Suggest ways of promoting science and technology in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	8. Project: Identify a problem in the school and use the knowledge acquired in science and technology to solve it.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.







STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 2: FINANCIAL AND INVESTMENT ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.5.2.1. Show understanding of the provisions under National Pensions Act 766 and PNDC Law 247	B9.5.2.1.1.Exhibit knowledge on pension rights under National Pensions Act 766 and PNDC Law 247	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Discuss the provisions under National Pensions Act 766.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.
	2. In small groups, do a presentation on the provisions under PNDC Law 247.	CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills.
		CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities.
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness
		to a group.
		PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.5.2.1. Show understanding of the provisions under National Pensions Act 766 and PNDC Law 247	3. Invite a resource person to talk about social security in Ghana.	 CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills. CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	4. In small groups, do a presentation on the benefits under the Three Tier Pension Scheme, including Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech. CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills. CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities. PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations. PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group. PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to
	5. Research the application processes for the various SSNIT benefits.	ascertain progress. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. DL6.6: Knowledge and recognition of ethical use of information.



STRAND 6: NATIONHOOD SUB-STRAND 2:THE REPUBLICS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.6.2.I. Demonstrate understanding that Ghana had two republics between 1979 and 2000	B9.6.2.I.I. Explain how the Third Republic came into being (1979-1981)	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	Use the internet, print media and oral sources to find out how the Third Republic was established.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.
		DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	Identify the main political parties that took part in the June 1979 elections and their respective candidates.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.
	3. Discuss the outcome of the June 1979 elections.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.6.2.I Demonstrate understanding that Ghana had two republics between 1979 and 2000	4. With the use of Internet sources, dramatise the handing over of power from the AFRC to Dr Hilla Liman's People's National Party.	 DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem. DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	B9 6.2.1.2. Explain political developments under the Third Republic	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Identify the main features of the Third Republican Constitution, including the prohibition of a one-party state, limitation on the influence of the armed forces and the police.	 CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives. CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that
		adequately meet selected criteria.
	Discuss the impact of the Third Republican Constitution on the political development of the country, including the civilisation of the armed forces, promotion of multiparty system and national	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	integration.	CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

BASIC 9 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.6.2.I Demonstrate understanding that Ghana had two republics between 1979 and 2000	Compare the features of the Second and Third Republican Constitution	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	B9.6.2.1.3. Explain how the Fourth Republic came into being	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Use the Internet, print media and oral sources to find out how the Fourth Republic was established.	DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem.
		DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	2. Discuss the outcome of the 28 April 1992 referendum.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.6.2.I Demonstrate understanding that Ghana had two republics between 1979 and 2000	Identify the political parties that took part in the 1992 elections and their respective leaders.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	4. Discuss the nature of the First Parliament of the Fourth Republic, including the boycott of the First Parliament of the Fourth Republic by the largest opposition party (the NPP) at the time.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	Dramatise the inauguration of the first president of the Fourth Republic.	 CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives. CC8.3: Apply appropriate diction, and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
	Analyse the 1992 constitution vis-a-vis the American constitution and the Westminster system of government.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content.

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BASIC 9 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B9.6.2.1. Demonstrate understanding that Ghana had two republics between 1979 and 2000	B.9.6.1.1.4. Explain political developments under the Fourth Republic	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Discuss the features of the Fourth Republican constitution.	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives.
		CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
		CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria.
	Debate the pros and cons of the First Parliament of the Fourth Republic.	CC8.3 : Apply appropriate diction, and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes.
		CC7.5 : Identify and analyse different points of views of speakers.
		CC9.6 : Ability to work with all group members to complete a task successfully.
		PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations),in reacting and adjusting to novel situations.
		PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness
		to a group.
		PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress.

conclusion.

CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. **DL5.3:** Ability to find and utilise digital content.

		BASIC 9 Strang 6: Nationinood
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
	3. Under the Forth Republic the President is the Head of State, Head of Government and Commander in Chief of the Ghana Armed Forces. Assess the advantages of this arrangement.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	Compare Ghana's presidential system of government and the Westminster system in the United Kingdom.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a







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BASIC 10



STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTSUB-STRAND I: ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.1.1.1. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	B10.1.1.1. Examine the issue of land degradation as an environmental challenge	Critical thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of land degradation.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Discuss the causes of land degradation, including illegal mining and poor agricultural practices.	CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC9.1 : Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	Examine the effects of land degradation, including deforestation and increase in soil acidity.	CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
BIO.I.I.I. Demonstrate skills in dealing with environmental challenges	4. Discuss various ways by which land degradation can be managed to minimise damage, including crop rotation, mulching and stone bunds to prevent soil erosion.	CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Carry out a project to raise community awareness on land degradation and its management.	CI 5.1 Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 6.2: Ability to reflect on approaches to creative tasks and evaluate the effectiveness of tools used.
B10.1.1.2. Examine the sources and ways of conserving energy in	B10.1.1.2.1. Identify and discuss the role of institutions in charge of production and management of energy	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
Ghana	Exemplars:	
	Discuss the role of the Volta River Authority as one of the major producers of energy.	CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking; and respond appropriately.

BASIC 10 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.1.1.2. Examine the sources and ways of conserving energy in Ghana	Investigate private sector participation in energy production and management.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	Take a visit to power producing stations and discuss your findings in class.	CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.6: Ability to work with all group members to complete a task successfully.
	4. Discuss other innovative ways of generating energy.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.1.1.2. Examine the sources and ways of conserving energy in Ghana	5. Role play ways of conserving energy in the community.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.
	Carry out a project to educate people in the community on energy conservation.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.
B10.1.1.3. Demonstrate understanding of strategies used in managing natural	B10.1.1.3.1 Discuss the various ways of managing natural disasters Exemplars:	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL)
disasters	Explain the concept of disaster management.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 10 Strand 1: Environment

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.1.1.3. Demonstrate understanding of strategies used in managing natural disasters	Investigate ways of reducing the risk of certain natural disasters, including planting of trees to reduce risk associated with flooding.	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to
		a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	3. Design posters on disaster (floods, bushfires) management, including early warning signs, planting of trees and proper town planning.	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.2: Ability to merge simple/complex ideas to create novel situations or things.
		CI 6.2: Ability to reflect on approaches to creative tasks and evaluate the effectiveness of tools used.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.1.1.3. Demonstrate understanding of strategies used in managing natural disasters	4. Undertake a field trip to institutions/organisations that are responsible for disaster management in your community/district.	 DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.







STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 2:THE FAMILY

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.2.2.1.Analyse the issues related to family life cycles	B10.2.2.1.1. Examine the characteristics and challenges of the four stages of the family life cycle	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. With the use of video/pictures explain the term family life cycle.	CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Examine the characteristics of the four stages of the family life cycle (coupling, parenting, middle years and retirement).	CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Discuss the challenges associated with each of the stages of the family life cycle.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.2.2.1. Analyse the issues related to family life cycles	4. Suggest strategies the family can adopt to deal with challenges associated with the various stages of the family cycle.	CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	5. Show and discuss a video on nuclear family.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	6. Project Work: Sketch your family tree using knowledge acquired from the study of the family life cycle.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		DL5.6: Preparedness to make better decisions using available information.
		CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different

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STRAND 2: FAMILY LIFE SUB-STRAND 4: POPULATION

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
BIO.2.4.I.Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related issues	B10.2.4.1.1.Assess the effects of migration on development	Critical thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of 'migration'.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Discuss the forms of migration.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	3. Explain the term "rural-urban drift" and its associated problems.	CP 5.1: Ability to and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
BI0.2.4.I. Analyse the population structure in Ghana and its related	4. Examine the causes of international migration.	CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
issues		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Watch and analyse a documentary on the effects of international migration.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	6. Investigate the pros and cons of the migration of young people.	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.



STRAND 3: SENSE OF PURPOSESUB-STRAND 4: NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.3.4.1. Analyse the role of young people in national development	B10.3.4.1.1. Examine the role of young people in national development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Show pictures/videos depicting young people contributing to national development.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	2. Discuss the contribution of young people to national development.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.3.4.1.Analyse the role of young people in national development	Make presentation in groups on some common challenges young people face in their bid to contribute to national development.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
	4. Suggest ways of mitigating the challenges faced by young people.	CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.



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BASIC 10 Strand 3: Sense Of Purpose

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.3.4.2. Analyse the role of voluntary groups in national development	B10.3.4.2.1. Examine the role of voluntary groups in national development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Identify voluntary organisations in the country.	CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking, and respond appropriately.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
	Undertake some Internet research and/or visit some voluntary organisations to find out their roles and how they contribute to national development.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.3.4.2. Analyse the role of voluntary groups in national development	3. Make a presentation on the roles of voluntary organisations.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.







STRAND 4: LAW AND ORDER SUB-STRAND 6: DEMOCRACY AND NATION BUILDING

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.1. Demonstrate understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	B10.4.6.1.1.Assess the role of democracy in nation building	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concepts of democracy and nation building.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Discuss the role of democracy in nation building.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	Examine the contribution of women in promoting democracy and nation building.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.1. Demonstrate understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	4. Discuss reasons why Ghana should not embrace autocratic rule.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	5. Discuss the factors that impede Ghana's democratic development.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment
	6. Examine the factors that can enhance Ghana's democratic development.	about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.





BASIC 10 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
	7. In groups, design posters indicating the factors that can promote Ghana's democratic development.	CP 5.1 : Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
B10.4.6.2. Show understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	B10.4.6.2.1. Discuss the roles and responsibilities of citizens in nation building	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Examine the roles/responsibilities of citizens in nation building.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.2. Show understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	2. Discuss the benefits of citizens' participation in nation building.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	3. Analyse the effects of irresponsible citizenship.	Cl 6.9: Interpret and apply learning in new contexts.
		CI 6.8: Recognise and generalise information and experience; search for trends and patterns.
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using conjunctions correct construction to and structure and of speech.
	4. Project work: Identify some professional groups, including teachers, health workers, the police in the community and indicate their roles in nation building.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		DL5.6: Preparedness to make better decisions using available information.
		CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things.
		CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different

way.

BASIC 10 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.2. Show understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	B10.4.6.2.2. Describe the impact of human rights abuses on national stability	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concepts of human rights abuse and national stability.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to
		a group.
	Watch a documentary/video on human right abuses and discuss your observation.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech.
		DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.2. Show understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	3. Document issues of human right abuses in Ghana.	CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking and respond appropriately. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Identify human right abuses and their implications.	CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking and respond appropriately. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Discuss how human right abuses can retard national stability.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.

BASIC 10 Strand 4: Law And Order

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.4.6.2. Show understanding of how democracy promotes nation building	6. Suggest ways of mitigating human right abuses.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information
		and ideas from several sources to reach a
		conclusion.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 5: ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILLS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.5.1. Demonstrate entrepreneurial skills	B10.5.5.1.1. Examine the skills for creating enterprises	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain the concepts i. Entrepreneur ii. Entrepreneurship	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Discuss the qualities of an entrepreneur, for example, qualities such as a problem solver, a good communicator and a hard worker.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	3. Examine ways of acquiring good entrepreneurial skills.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 10 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.5.1. Demonstrate entrepreneurial skills	Discuss the role of women in entrepreneurship including agroindustries and small-scale enterprises.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	5. Invite a resource person to share ideas about the role of small-scale enterprises in economic development.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	6. Discuss negative attitudes that people exhibit at work and its implication on work output.	 CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	7. Role play positive attitudes that employers expect from their employees.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.5.1 Demonstrate entrepreneurial skills	8. Let learners in small groups come up with ideas for the establishment enterprise and suggest ways to run it.	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking and respond appropriately.
	B10.5.5.1.2. Show understanding of financial management.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC) Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain financial management.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Examine the need to save for the future.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.



BASIC 10 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.5.1 Demonstrate entrepreneurial skills	3. Discuss ways of investing money.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	4. Describe the proper way of handling the country's currency.	CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 2: FINANCIAL AND INVESTMENT ISSUES

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.2.1. Show understanding of the role of SSNIT in social security issues	B10.5.2.1.1. Examine the role of SSNIT in the management of the social security scheme	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Undertake a field trip to the nearest SSNIT branch office to find out how the following are carried out: i. Registration ii. Collection of contributions iii. Management of data iv. Payment of benefits v. Investment	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. DL5.6: Preparedness to make better decisions using available information CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way.
	2. Investigate the mandate of SSNIT and do a presentation in class.	 DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.

BASIC 10 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.2.1. Show understanding of the role of SSNIT in social security issues	3. Discuss the socio-economic impact of social security on pensioners.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.





STRAND 5: SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-STRAND 6: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.6.1. Demonstrate understanding of ways to promote sustainable development	B10.5.6.1.1. Show ways of promoting sustainable national development	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the concept of sustainable development.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	Discuss UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and their significance to the growth and development of Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	Identify factors which have impeded sustainability of growth and development in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.
		CC7.1: Identify words or sentences in context or appropriately.

BASIC 10 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.6.1. Demonstrate understanding of ways to promote sustainable development	4. Suggest ways by which growth and development can be sustained in Ghana.	 CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	Examine the relationship between sustainable development and maintenance culture.	 CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
B10.5.6.2 Demonstrate understanding of empowerment of women for the promotion of sustainable development	B10.5.6.2.1. Examine how the empowerment of women under SDG5 contributes to sustainable development Exemplars:	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
development	Explain the following concepts: gender, gender equality, gender equity and gender roles.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
	2. Explain gender empowerment.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CP5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	3. Examine the dimensions of gender empowerment.	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Examine how the empowerment of women under SDG 5 contributes to sustainable development in Ghana	CC7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	5. Compare the empowerment of women under SDG 5 in Ghana to other countries, including Sierra Leone, Ethiopia, Botswana, and Norway.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem.

BASIC 10 Strand 5: Socio-economic Development

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.6.3.Assess production in Ghana	B10.5.6.3.1. Examine production issues in Ghana.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Personal Development and Leadership (PL)
	Exemplars:	
	Explain production in the manufacturing sector.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Identify types of production.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	Discuss how the various types of production can lead to national economic development.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
		CC8.1 : Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.5.6.3. Assess production in Ghana	Show videos or documentary on production and lead/guide learners to discuss them.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	5. Identify problems of production in Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
	6. Suggest ways of adding value to primary products in Ghana.	 CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion.
	7. Carry out projects to find out whether the environmental damage associated with mineral extraction in Ghana is worth the benefit it brings.	C I 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CI 5.2: Ability to merge simple/complex ideas to create novel situations or things. CI 6.1 Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking, and respond appropriately.



STRAND 6: NATIONHOODSUB-STRAND 3: MILITARY RULE

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.3.1. Demonstrate understanding of developments under military rule in Ghana from 1966 to 1992	B10.6.3.1.1. Explain how military rule was established in 1966, 1972, 1978, 1979 and 1982 Exemplars:	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	I. Identify the military regimes in the order in which they ruled Ghana.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.1: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.1: Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to
	2. Discuss why each republic was overthrown.	a group. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.3.1. Demonstrate understanding of developments under military rule in Ghana from 1966 to 1992	3. With the use of the internet/pictures/documentaries, identify the composition of the various military governments. Output Description:	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 5.1: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC7.1: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to
	4. Produce a chart showing the various military regimes, their leaders and the duration of their government	a group. CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CP: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC: 8.1 Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to

a group.





BASIC 10 Strand 6: Nationhood

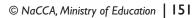
CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.3.1. Demonstrate understanding of developments under military rule in Ghana from 1966 to 1992	B10.6.3.1.2. Discuss the main developments under the different regimes from 1966 to 1992 Exemplars:	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Digital Literacy (DL)
	 Discuss political developments under the: National Liberation Council (NLC) National Redemption Council (NRC) Supreme Military Council (SMC) I & 2 Armed Forces Revolutionary Council (AFRC) Provisional National Defense Council (PNDC) 	CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group
	2. Debate the challenges associated with military regimes.	CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CC: 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group C.1 6.1: Exhibit strong memory and intuitive thinking and respond appropriately.





STRAND 6: NATIONHOODSUB-STRAND 4: GHANA AND ITS NEIGHBOURS

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
BI0.6.4.I.Assess Ghana's relationship with its regional neighbours	B10.6.4.1.1. Explain why and how ECOWAS came into being	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Communication and Collaboration (CC)
	Exemplars:	
	Examine the need to promote economic and political integration among the fifteen independent West African states.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	2. Use the Internet to find out the founding members of ECOWAS.	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group







CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
BIO.6.4.I Assess Ghana's relationship with its regional neighbours	3. Examine the main features of the ECOWAS treaty.	 DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion. CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives.
	4. Debate the achievements and failures of ECOWAS.	cc 8.3: Apply appropriate diction and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes cp 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.



CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.1 Assess Ghana's relationship with its regional neighbours	B10.6.4.1.2. Recount how the African Union (AU) was founded in 2002 in Durban, South Africa	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Cultural Identity and Global Citizenship(CG)
	Exemplars:	
	 Use the internet and other sources of information to trace the history of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) and the coming into being of the AU. 	DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.
		CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CG 6.1 :Understanding of influences of globalisation on traditions, languages and cultures.
	Investigate the reasons for the formation of the OAU as the first continental body.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CG 6.4 : Exhibit a sense of nationality and global identity.

BASIC 10 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.1 Assess Ghana's relationship with its regional Neighbours	3. Examine the features of the AU charter.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	4. Debate the achievements and challenges of the AU.	CC 7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication. CC 7.3: Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them. CC 8.2: Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant details, using correct construction and structure of speech.



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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.2. Demonstrate understanding of Ghana's membership of the Commonwealth and the United Nations	B10.6.4.2.1.Assess Ghana's membership of the Commonwealth	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI), Cultural Identity and Global Citizenship (CG)
	Exemplars:	
	I. Explain the Commonwealth.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	2. Discuss the purpose of the Commonwealth	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CC 9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals.
	3. With the use of the Internet/pictures, identify the countries that form the Commonwealth.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument.
		CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things.

BASIC 10 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.2. Demonstrate understanding of Ghana's membership of the Commonwealth and the United Nations	4. Discuss Ghana's contribution to the Commonwealth.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	5. Discuss benefits Ghana derives from the Commonwealth.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	6. With the use of the Internet/other sources of information, identify Commonwealth countries that were not colonised by Britain.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. DL 6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things. CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group. CGG 6.1: Understanding of influences of globalisation traditions, languages and cultures.

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CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.2. Demonstrate understanding of Ghana's membership of the Commonwealth and	B10.6.4.2.2. Assess Ghana's membership of the United Nations	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving (CP), Communication and Collaboration (CC), Digital Literacy (DL), Creativity and Innovation (CI)
the United Nations	Exemplars:	
	I. Discuss the formation of the United Nations.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
	2. Discuss the purpose of the United Nations.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
	3. Examine Ghana's contribution to the United Nations.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures. CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.

BASIC 10 Strand 6: Nationhood

CONTENT STANDARD	INDICATORS AND EXEMPLARS	CORE COMPETENCIES
B10.6.4.2. Demonstrate understanding of Ghana's membership of	4. Discuss benefits Ghana derives from the United Nations.	CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument. CC 7.2: Interpret correctly and respond
the Commonwealth and the United Nations		to non-verbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures.
		CC 8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group.
		CG 6.4 : Exhibit a sense of nationality and global identity.







APPENDICES

APPENDIX I: CORE COMPETENCIES AND SUBSKILLS OF THE COMMON CORE PROGRAMME (CCP)

I. COMMUNICATION AN COLLABORATION (CC)

B7-B10		
CC7: LISTENING	CC8: PRESENTING	CC9:TEAMWORK
CC7.1: Identify words or sentences in context appropriately	CC8.1: Speak clearly and explain ideas. Share a narrative or extended answer while speaking to a group	CC9.1: Demonstrate behaviour and skills of working towards group goals
CC7.2 : Interpret correctly and respond to nonverbal communication such as facial expressions, cues and gestures	CC8.2 : Explain ideas in a clear order with relevant detail, using correct construction and structure of speech	CC9.2: Understand and use interpersonal skills
CC7.3: Provide feedback in areas of ideas, organisation, voice, word choice and sentence fluency in communication	CC8.3 : Apply appropriate diction, and structure sentences correctly for narrative, persuasive, imaginative and expository purposes	CC9.3: Understand roles during group activities
CC7.4: Identify underlying themes, implications and issues when listening	CC8.4 : Anticipate different responses from the audience and plan for them	CC9.4: Help group work on relevant activities
CC7.5: Identify and analyse different points of views of speaker	CC8.5: Vary the level of detail and the language used when presenting to make it appropriate to the audience	CC9.5: Appreciate the importance of including all team members in discussions and actively encourage contributions from them
		CC9.6: Ability to work with all group members to complete a task successfully
		CC9.7: Effectively perform multiple roles within the group
		CC9.8: Demonstrate an awareness of team dynamics and work to minimise conflicts in the team



2. CRITICAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING (CP)

B7-B10	
CP5: CRITICAL THINKING	CP6: PROBLEM SOLVING
CP 5.1: Ability to combine information and ideas from several sources to reach a conclusion	CP 6.1: Ability to effectively define goals towards solving a problem
CP 5.2: Analyse and make distinct judgment about viewpoints expressed in an argument	CP 6.2: Ability to explain plans for attaining goals
CP 5.3: Create simple logic trees to think through problems	CP 6.3: Identify important and appropriate alternatives
CP 5.4: Generate hypothesis to help answer complex problems	CP 6.4: Ability to identify important and appropriate criteria and use them to evaluate available alternatives
CP 5.5:Effectively evaluate the success of solutions used in an attempt to solve a complex problem	CP 6.5: Ability to select alternative(s) that adequately meet selected criteria
CP 5.6: Demonstrate a thorough understanding of a generalised concept and facts specific to a task or situation	CP 6.6: Preparedness to recognise and explain results after implementation of plans
CP 5.7: Provide new insight into controversial situation or task	CP 6.7: Implement strategies with accuracy
CP 5.8: Identify and prove misconceptions about a generalised concept or fact specific to a task or situation	
CP 5.9: Identify and explain a confusion, uncertainty or a contradiction surrounding an event	
CP 5.10: Develop and defend a logical plausible resolution to a confusion, uncertainty or contradiction surrounding an event	



3. PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT AND LEADERSHIP (PL)

B7-B10	
PL5: PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT	PL6: LEADERSHIP
PL5.1: Understanding oneself (strengths, weaknesses, goals and aspirations), in reacting and adjusting to novel situations	PL6.1: Ability to serve group members effectively
PL5.2: Demonstrate a sense of belongingness to a group	PL6.2: Division of tasks into solvable units and assigning group members to task units
PL5.3: Recognise one's emotional state and their preparedness to apply emotional intelligence	PL6.3: Ability to manage time effectively
PL5.4: Ability to understand one's personality traits	PL6.4: Ability to manage and resolve conflicts
PL5.5: Desire to accept one's true self and overcome weaknesses	PL6.5: Ability to monitor team members to ascertain progress
PL5.6: Ability to set and maintain personal standards and values	PL6.6: Ability to mentor peers
	PL6.7: Actively promote effective group interaction and the expression of ideas and opinions in a way that is sensitive to the feelings and background of others
	PL6.8: Actively assist group identify changes or modifications necessary in the group activities and work towards carrying out those changes







4. CULTURAL IDENTITY AND GLOBAL CITIZENSHIP (CG)

B7-B10	
CG5: CULTURAL IDENTITY	CG6: GLOBAL CITIZENSHIP
CG5.1: Show a strong sense of belongingness to one's culture	CG6.1: Understanding of influences of globalisation on traditions, languages and cultures
CG5.2: Develop and exhibit ability to defend one's cultural beliefs, practices and norms	CG6.2: Recognise resistance to global practices that are inimical to our culture
CG5.3: Develop and express respect, recognition and appreciation of others' cultures	CG6.3: Know the global discourse about the roles of males and females
CG5.4: Develop and exhibit a sense of cultural identity	CG6.4: Exhibit a sense of nationality and global identity
CG5.5: Adjust to the demands of customs, traditions, values and attitudes of society	





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5. CREATIVITY AND INNOVATION (CI)

B7-B10	
CI5: KNOWLEDGE, UNDERSTANDING, SKILLS AND STRATEGIES	CI6: REFLECTION AND EVALUATION
CI 5.1: Examine alternatives in creating new things	CI 6.1: Exhibit strong memory, intuitive thinking, and respond appropriately
CI 5.2: Ability to merge simple/complex ideas to create novel situations or things	CI 6.2: Ability to reflect on approaches to creative tasks and evaluate the effectiveness of tools used
CI 5.3: Identification of requirements of a given situation and justification of more than one creative tool that will be suitable	CI 6.3: Ability to select the most effective creative tools for work, and give reasons for the choice
CI 5.4: Ability to visualise alternatives, see possibilities and identify problems and challenges	CI 6.4: Imagining and seeing things in a different way
CI 5.5: Ability to try new alternatives and different approaches	CI 6.5: Anticipate and overcome difficulties relating totaking initiatives
CI 5.6: Understand and use analogies and metaphors	CI 6.6: Being open-minded, adapting and modifying ideas to achieve creative results
CI 5.7: Putting forward constructive comments, ideas, explanations and new ways of doing things	CI 6.7: Look and think about things differently and from different perspectives
	CI 6.8: Recognise and generalise information and experience; search for trends and patterns
	CI 6.9: Interpret and apply learning in new contexts
	CI 6.10: Reflect on work and explore the thinking behind thoughts and processes







6. DIGITAL LITERACY (DL)

B7-B10	
DL5: PHOTO-VISUAL AND INFORMATION LITERACY	DL6: SOCIO-EMOTIONAL AND REPRODUCTION LITERACY
DL5.1: Ability to ascertain when information is needed and be able to identify, locate, evaluate and effectively use it to solve a problem	DL 6.1: Understand the sociological and emotional aspects of cyberspace
DL5.2: Ability to recognise and avoid traps in cyberspace	DL 6.2: Create a meaningful and original piece of work, or its interpretation by integrating existing information
DL5.3: Ability to find and utilise digital content	DL6.3: Use digital tools to create novel things
DL5.4: Ability to construct knowledge from a non-linear hyper-textual navigation	DL6.4: Adhere to behavioural protocols that prevail in cyberspace
DL5.5: Evaluate the quality and validity of information	DL6.5: Recognition of societal issues emanating from the use of digital technologies
DL5.6: Preparedness to make better decisions using available information	DL6.6: Knowledge and recognition of ethical use of information

Please note these inclusivity issues

The core competencies outlined in this document must be assessed taking into consideration learners with special needs (physical disabilities, learning disabilities, etc.). Consider the use of realia for visual and visually challenged learners.

A system of creating alternatives for tasks must also be adopted.

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